Hutchinson Community College

Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2019

Hutchinson Community College

June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College Hutchinson, Kansas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Hutchinson Community College (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the College, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other post-employment benefits and pension information on pages 3-11 and 38-44, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. Individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk & Loyd, LLC Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, & Loyd, LLC

Hutchinson, Kansas

December 9, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Introduction:

Hutchinson Community College is proud to present its financial statements for the fiscal year 2019. The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of Hutchinson Community College (The College) is to provide an introduction to and an understanding of the basic financial statements of the College for the year ended June 30, 2019, with selected comparative information for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018. This discussion focuses on the current activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and the footnotes to those financial statements. The College is solely responsible for the completeness and accuracy of this information.

Using the Annual Report:

The College's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the standards outlined in GASB statements 34 and 35. The method is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the costs of various College services. The annual financial report will include the basic financial statements and required supplementary information for both the College and its component units. Further information on the component units are available upon request from the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association and the Quest Center.

Basic financial statements are comprised of two parts:

- Basic Financial Statements These include Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and Statement of Cash Flows. These statements present the results of a single measurement focus and basis of accounting.
 - a. The Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the College. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources (short-term expendable resources) with capital assets.
 - b. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on both the gross costs and the net costs of College activities which are supported mainly by property taxes, state revenues and tuition.
 - c. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash disbursements of the College during the fiscal period.
- 2. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral and essential portion of the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information:

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Other Post-Employment Benefits, and Pension Schedules - This is information required by standards to be presented but is not part of the basic financial statements.

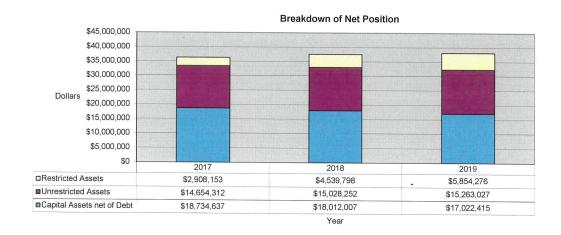
Highlights to the Financial Statements:

Statement of Net Position

Comparison Net Position - Fiscal Year 2017, 2018, and 2019

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflow of resources (deferred outflows), liabilities, deferred inflow of resources (deferred inflows) and net position of the College as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Net Position is a point of time financial statement. The purpose of the Statement of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the College. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning Assets (current and noncurrent), Deferred Outflows, Liabilities (current and noncurrent), Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Assets and Deferred Outflows minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows). The difference between current and noncurrent assets is as follows: current assets are those assets that are expected to be used or consumed within one year. Noncurrent assets are those assets that are expected to provide value for greater than one year.

Net assets increased from \$36,297,102 in 2017 to \$37,580,057 in 2018 and \$38,139,718 for 2019. This is an increase of \$559,661.00 over the previous year.

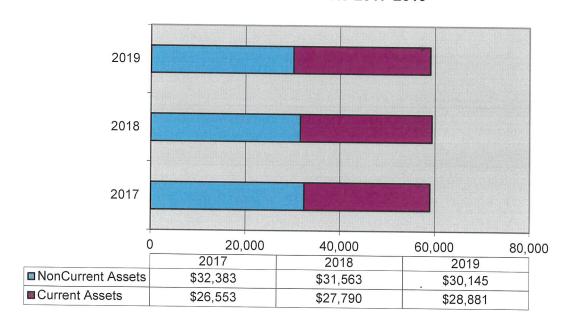


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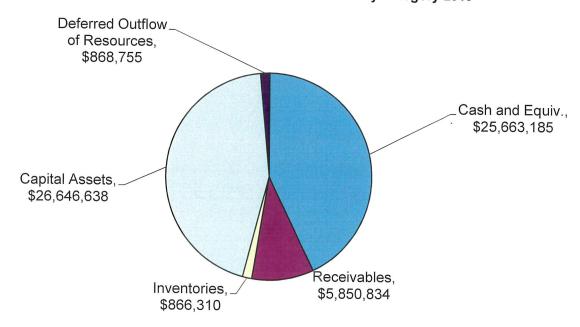
Total breakdown of assets between current and noncurrent classification for 2017 through 2019 is as follows:

Total Assets 2017-2019



Dollars (000)

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows by Category 2019



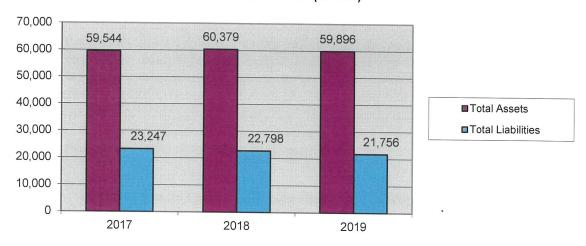
Of the \$59,895,722 in total assets and deferred outflows, approximately 43% are in cash and cash equivalents and capital assets represent 44.5% of total assets.

Comparison of Liabilities

		% Total		% Total		% Total
	2017	2017	2018	2018	2019	2019
Current Liabilities	\$ 6,580,353	28.33%	\$ 6,457,960	.28.38%	\$ 6,420,242	30.47%
Noncurrent Liabilities	16,647,717	71.67%	16,298,407	71.62%	14,649,986	69.53%
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,228,070	100.00%	\$ 22,756,367	100.00%	\$ 21,070,228	100.00%

Noncurrent liabilities in 2019 include, but are not limited to, certificates of participation related to student housing, lease payments which are a result of the college entering into an Energy Conservation Measures lease with Honeywell, Inc., and payments due to the City of Hutchinson for the renovation of the Hutchinson Sports Arena, a facility which the College occupies for use in its athletic programs. Current liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposits held in custody for others, and the current portion of the certificates of participation and the City of Hutchinson payment.

Comparison of Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows 2017-2019 (in 000)



Total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased from \$23,247,370 in 2017 to \$22,798,448 in 2018 and \$21,756,004 for 2019. This is a decrease of \$1,042,444 from the previous year. Assets and deferred outflows increased from \$59,544,472 in 2017 to \$60,378,505 in 2018 and decreased slightly to \$59,895,722 in 2019. The asset to liability ratio (total assets/total liabilities) was 2.56 in 2017, 2.65 in 2018 and 2.75 in 2019.

Results of Operations Fiscal Year 2019

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the revenues received by the institution, both operating and non-operating, and the expenses paid by the institution, operating and non-operating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the institution.

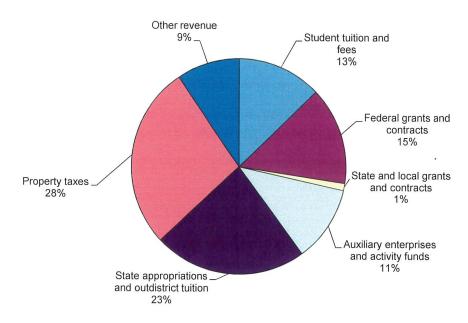
Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the institution. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the institution. Non-operating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, state appropriations are non-operating because they are provided by the legislature to the institution without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

Revenue

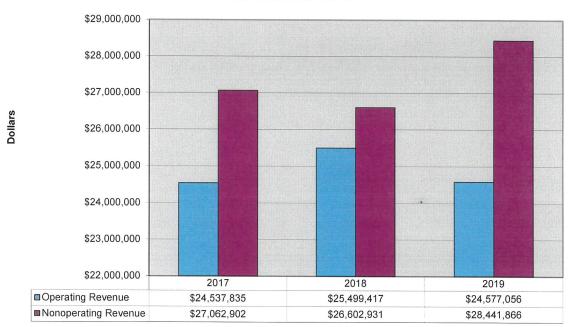
The College receives revenue from a number of sources. In broad terms, they are: the State of Kansas, the Federal Government, students--in the form of tuition and fees, local taxpayers--by way of property taxes, business style auxiliary enterprises, and private gifts and grants. These sources are relatively stable from year to year as a percentage of the total.

		% Total		% Total		% Total
Source	2017	2017	2018	2018	2019	2019
Student tuition and fees	\$ 7,989,570	15.48%	\$ 7,435,596	14.27%	\$ 6,762,650	12.76%
Federal grants and contracts	7,672,088	14.87%	8,450,859	16.22%	7,780,085	14.67%
State and local grants and contracts	275,886	0.53%	275,661	0.53%	560,744	1.06%
Auxiliary enterprises and activity funds	5,787,856	11.22%	5,893,072	11.31%	6,075,104	11.46%
State appropriations and outdistrict tuitio	11,034,202	21.38%	11,625,563	22.31%	12,213,741	23.04%
Property taxes	14,129,118	27.38%	13,915,377	26.71%	14,602,585	27.54%
Other revenue	4,712,017	9.13%	4,506,220	8.65%	5,024,013	9.48%
Total revenue	\$51,600,737	100.00%	\$52,102,348	100.00%	\$53,018,922	100.00%

Percentage of Revenue by Source 2019



Total Revenue Breakdown 2017-2019



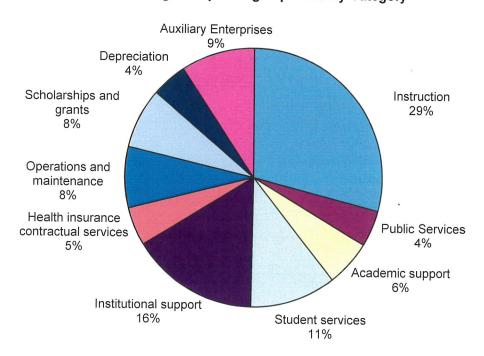
Years

Expenses

Detail of the 2017 through 2019 education, general, and auxiliary enterprise operating and non-operating expenditures:

		I 0/ T + 1				
	00.45	% Total		% Total		% Total
0 11 -	2017	2017	2018	2018	2019	2019
Operating Expenses						
Instruction	\$ 15,156,710	30.64%	\$ 15,043,815	29.46%	\$ 15,120,294	28.82%
Public Services	2,021,980	4.09%		3.93%		4.49%
Academic support	2,916,759	5.90%		6.21%		5.76%
Student services	5,312,234	10.74%		10.78%	-,,	10.77%
Institutional support	6,564,895	13.27%	, , ,	14.70%		15.87%
Health insurance contractual services	2,535,425	5.13%		5.38%	-11	4.78%
Operations and maintenance	3,419,299	6.91%		7.95%		7.57%
Scholarships and grants	3,780,637	7.64%		7.41%		7.48%
Depreciation	2,268,091	4.59%	-11	4.30%	-,,	4.43%
Auxiliary Enterprises	5,037,023	10.18%		9.05%	4,854,423	9.25%
Subtotal	49,013,053	99.09%	50,641,732	99.17%	52,055,807	99.23%
Nonoperating Expenses						
Interest on Capital asset-related debt	451,778	0.91%	425,848	0.83%	403,454	0.77%
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		0.00%	_	0.00%	- 100, 101	0.00%
Debt issuance costs			-	2.0070		0.0076
Subtotal	451,778	0.91%	425,848	0.83%	403,454	0.77%
Total Expenses	\$ 49,464,831	100.00%	\$ 51,067,580	100.00%	\$ 52,459,261	100.00%

2019 Percentage of Operating Expenses By Category



Statement of Cash Flows

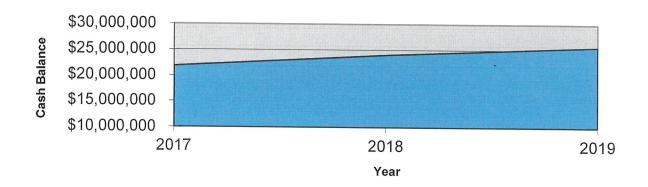
The final statement presented by the College is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the institution during the year.

The statement is divided into five sections. The first section deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used in the operating activities of the institution. The second section reflects cash flows from non-capital financing activities. This section includes the cash received and spent from state and local appropriations and private gifts. The third section reflects the cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth section deals with cash flows from investing activities and shows the interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Summary Statement of Cash Flows information

	2017	2018	2019
Net Cash Provided (used) by:	2017	2010	2019
Operating Activities	(18,287,874)	(19,836,398)	(22,025,599)
Noncapital financing activities	24,338,919	23,518,431	24,851,713
Capital and related financing activities	(2,591,959)	(1,625,015)	(1,459,478)
Investing activities	37,835	131,252	248,854
Net Change in Cash	3,496,921	2,188,270	1,615,490
Cash Beginning of year	18,362,504	21,859,425	24,047,695
Cash end of year	21,859,425	24,047,695	25,663,185

End of Year Cash 2017-2019



Summary of Overall Performance

The College completed another solid performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Its financial condition continues to be strong. Cash balances increased slightly more than \$1.5 million from fiscal year 2018 balances. Combined operating and non-operating revenue for 2019 increased by approximately \$900,000 from the same measures in 2018. Operating expenditures were higher than the previous year of 2018 however, the year over year percentage increase in operating expenditures was down from 3.32% in 2018 to 2.79% in 2019. Auxiliary enterprises also continued to perform well during the fiscal year under review. Even with a decrease in enrollment for 2019, this fiscal year's performance demonstrates once again the agility and resiliency of Hutchinson Community College.

Capital Assets and Long Term Debt Activities:

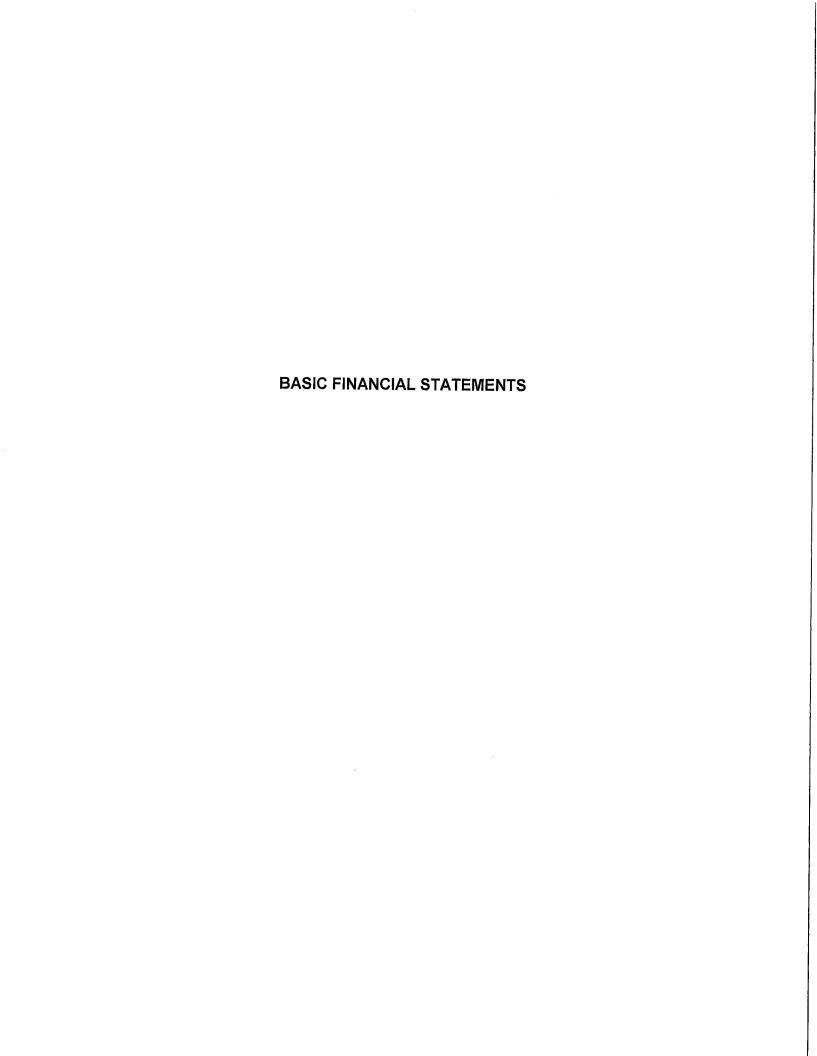
In December, 2018, the College refinanced the remaining portion of its 2008 Honeywell Energy Conservation Measures lease resulting in approximately \$250,000 in savings over the final nine years of the lease.

The College continues to update the Parker Student Union. In Spring, 2019, the carpeting and office furniture were replaced in the Campus Store, the Business Office, and the Human Resources Department. Improvements for student accessibility and privacy at the Business Office customer windows were also started. Other work on the Student Union included the design phase for renovating and expanding the student dining facilities. Construction of an expanded facility and the related financing will begin in fiscal year 2020.

Other projects for fiscal year 2019 included installing three new sculptures as part of the College's continuing sculpture display program, replacing one of the College's buses, and the purchase of two vehicles to replace the College's security and courier vehicles.

The future is positive for Hutchinson Community College. The College will continue its student centered, service oriented approach to community college education while working to increase its credit enrollment. The market driven business and industry noncredit offerings continue to grow and expand as the College serves the needs of that segment of the market. Hutchinson Community College is truly striving to be the premier, two-year educational institution in Kansas and continues to expand its tradition of excellence through learning and collaboration.

Julie A. Blanton Vice President of Finance and Operations



Hutchinson Community College Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019

June 30,		Hutchinson	Component Unit	Component Unit
ASSETS		ommunity College	HCC Endowment	Quest Center
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	25,663,185 -	\$ 302,284 8,495,493	
Receivables - federal and state grants and contracts		1,281,783	· · ·	
Receivables - students (net of allowance of \$115,635) Receivables - other		944,245	-	•
Inventories		126,003	7,300	-
Total current assets		866,310 28,881,526	8,805,077	74 264
Noncurrent Assets		20,001,020	0,000,011	74,364
Investments Receivables - students (net of allowance of \$740,716)		3,498,803	8,277,608	
Receivables - other Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-	77,255	-
Beneficial interest in trusts		26,646,638	- 1,678,153	-
Other Total noncurrent assets		30,145,441	10,033,016	239,521
TOTAL ASSETS	•			
		59,026,967	18,838,093	313,885
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding		442,668		_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment		11,295	_	_
Changes in assumptions		122,710	-	-
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		292,082		-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		868,755	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	59,895,722	\$ 18,838,093	\$ 313,885
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities	-		10,000,000	Ψ 313,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	981,037	\$ 15,860	¢
Medical claims payable	Ψ	166,201	\$ 15,860	\$ -
Deposits held in custody for others		3,372,236		-
Unearned revenue		53,852		-
Accrued interest payable		129,480	-	-
Compensated absences payable Early retirement benefits payable		463,850	•	-
Capital lease obligations		152,009	-	•
Certificates of Participation		379,298 222,279	-	-
Sports Arena payable		500,000		<u>.</u>
Total current liabilities		6,420,242	15,860	-
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated absences payable		100,116	-	
Early retirement benefits payable Other postemployment benefits payable		128,563	-	-
Net pension liabilities		1,047,512	-	₩
Capital lease obligations		658,481 4,214,301	•	•
Certificates of Participation		5,251,013	-	-
Sports Arena payable		3,250,000		-
Other liabilities			_	2,783
Total noncurrent liabilities		14,649,986	-	2,783
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,070,228	15,860	2,783
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Differences between expected and actual experience on pensions		28,585	₩	
Differences between expected and actual experience on OPEB		163,587		
Changes in assumptions		377,597	-	
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		116,007		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		685,776	-	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		17,022,415	-	
Restricted for:				
Nonexpendable - endowments Expendable:		-	9,919,758	-
Endowment activity			0.000.475	
Capital outlay		3,665,103	8,902,475	-
Restricted funds		633,094	-	-
Health insurance		1,556,079	-	-
Unrestricted		15,263,027		311,102
Total net position	*****	38,139,718	18,822,233	311,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
AND NET POSITION	\$	59,895,722	\$ 18,838,093	\$ 313,885
				

Hutchinson Community College Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Hutchinson Community College	Component Unit HCC Endowment	Component Unit Quest Center
OPERATING REVENUES			
Student tuition and fees	\$ 10,009,376	\$ -	\$ -
Less allowances for institutional scholarships	(140,028)		· ·
Less allowances for federal grants	(3,106,698)		_
Net student source revenue	6,762,650	-	
Federal sources	7,780,085	-	- -
State sources	423,298	₩	_
County sources	19,115	-	65,000
Local sources	118,331	-	-
Auxiliary enterprises:			
Residential life (net of scholarship allowances of \$0 for 2019)	1,722,858	-	
Campus store (net of sales discounts of \$228,391 for 2019)	1,336,568	-	-
Union	1,421,021	-	-
Other auxiliary enterprises	1,594,657		-
Private gifts and grants	33,345	-	-
Health insurance charges for services	2,889,980	-	-
Other operating revenues	475,148	282,083	1,049
Total operating revenues	24,577,056	282,083	66,049
OPERATING EXPENSES Educational and General: Instruction	15,120,294		
Public service	2,356,167	-	-
Academic support	3,020,145	~	•
Student services	5,649,851	-	•
Institutional support	5,254,692	1 642 005	70.000
KPERS contribution paid directly by the State of Kansas	3,072,238	1,643,925	70,060
Health insurance contractual services	2,507,562	-	-
Operations and maintenance of plant	3,972,552	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	2,322,459	-	-
Scholarships and grants	3,925,424	-	-
Auxiliary Enterprises:	0,020,424	-	-
Residential life	716,743		
Campus store	1,091,460	•	-
Union	882,652	-	-
Other auxiliary enterprises	2,163,568		-
Total operating expenses	52,055,807	1,643,925	70,060
Operating income (loss)	(27,478,751)	(1,361,842)	
operating mooning (1000)	(21,410,731)	(1,301,042)	(4,011)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State appropriations	9,141,503	_	-
State contribution directly to the KPERS retirement system	3,072,238	_	-
Local sources	14,602,585		-
Private grants and gifts	1,107,625	1,338,722	
Investment income	248,854	848,185	(9,414)
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(403,454)	-	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,769,351	2,186,907	(9,414)
Income(loss) before other revenues	290,600	825,065	
Capital grants and gifts	269,061	020,000	(13,425)
•			
Net increase (decrease) in net position	559,661	825,065	(13,425)
NET POSITION			
Net position - beginning of year	37,580,057	17,997,168	324,527
Net position - end of year	\$ 38,139,718	\$ 18,822,233	\$ 311,102

Hutchinson Community College Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Student tuition and fees	\$ 8,769,448
Grants and contracts Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises	13,662,356
Private gifts and grants	6,075,104
Health insurance charges for services	33,345
Other operating receipts	2,889,980
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	624,160 (28,947,918)
Payments to suppliers	(19,921,691)
Loans issued to students	(5,210,383)
Net change in cash flows from operating activities	(22,025,599)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State appropriations received	9,141,503
County and local appropriations received	14,602,585
Private gifts and grants received	1,107,625
Net change in cash flows from noncapital financing activities	24,851,713
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	(789,314)
Proceeds from debt	32,548
Principal paid on debt and capital lease	(584,409)
Interest paid on debt and capital lease	(387,364)
Capital gifts and grants received	269,061
Net change in cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(1,459,478)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments	248,854
Net change in cash flows from investing activities	248,854
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,615,490
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	24,047,695
	24,047,093
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 25,663,185
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO	
NET CHANGE IN CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (27,478,751)
Depreciation and amortization expense	2,322,459
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Receivables, net Inventories	320,944
Accounts payable	100,189
Unearned revenue	(974,317)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(25,215) (23,298)
Compensated absences payable	79,189
Early retirement benefits	79,109 39,292
Other postemployment benefits	(453,966)
Net pension liabilities	351,679
Deferred inflows and outflows related to net pension and other post employment benefits	259,689
Deposits held in custody for others Employee benefits paid directly by State of Kansas	384,269
	3,072,238
Net change in cash flows from operating activities	<u>\$ (22,025,599)</u>

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Hutchinson Community College (the College) is a public, two-year post-secondary educational institution, organized under the laws of the State of Kansas, and is governed by an elected Board of Trustees. It was established in 1928 to meet the diverse educational needs and interests of the citizens of Reno, Harvey, McPherson, Rice Counties, and adjacent areas, as well as residents from other localities who choose to attend.

The accounting and reporting policies of the College relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

(a) Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. It is governed by a Board of Trustees elected by the voters of Reno County, Kansas. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the College (the primary government) and its discretely presented component units. The component units discussed below are included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of their financial relationship with the College. The financial data of the College's component units are discretely presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is a legally separate entity.

Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association (Endowment) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Endowment acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Endowment, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Endowment holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Endowment can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Endowment is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements. For financial reporting purposes only, the Endowment's statements of financial position and activities are included in the College's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities.

For financial reporting purposes, the Endowment follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) which establish the financial reporting standards for all nonprofit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. With the exception of necessary presentation adjustments, no modifications have been made to the Endowment's financial information. Complete financial statements for the Endowment can be obtained from the Endowment's business office.

The Quest Center is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Quest Center acts primarily as a not-for-profit organization that houses loans for small business entrepreneurship venture activities. They also provide consulting, planning, and patent services. The College has access to the Quest Center's resources for educational services to provide to its students. The College processes the Quest Center's daily operating expenditures. The activity on the books for the Quest Center is for loan servicing activities. The Quest Center directly services certain loans and acts as the third party servicer for loans provided through the Kansas Center for Entrepreneurs.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(a) Reporting Entity (Cont.)

Because of the financial benefit that the Quest Center provides the College through its educational resources, and the financial burden that is generated through the College's processing of the Quest Center's operational expenses, the Quest Center is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements. For financial reporting purposes only, the Quest Center's statements of financial position and activities are included in the College's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities.

For financial reporting purposes, the Quest Center follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) which establish the financial reporting standards for all nonprofit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. With the exception of necessary presentation adjustments, no modifications have been made to the Quest Center's financial information. Complete financial statements for the Quest Center can be obtained from the College's business office.

(b) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the College are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes; federal, state, and local grants; state appropriations, and other contributions. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. State appropriations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the appropriation is first made available for use. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The College does not present budgetary comparison information in the basic financial statements or as required supplemental information. This is because the College reports as a business-type activity and does not have the reporting requirements related to major funds. The College does present budgetary comparison information in the supplementary information to these financial statements.

(c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Kansas Statute (KSA) 12-1675 authorizes the College to invest monies in time deposits, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements consisting of obligations insured by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, U.S. Treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding two years, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Cash resources of the individual funds (except for any proceeds of revenue bonds, which are separately invested) are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments that are managed by the College. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits. Interest income earned is allocated to various funds based upon statutory guidelines.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the College considers all investments with original maturities of one year or less to be cash equivalents.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students, amounts due from federal, state, and local governments in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts, and other receivables. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

Inventories

Inventories of the campus store are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, cost being determined principally on the basis of average cost. Campus store inventories consist of books, clothing, and supplies. Inventories have been adjusted for obsolete merchandise. Inventories are recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventory of educational activities are valued at the estimated sales price less selling costs which is in accordance with established industry practices. Inventory of educational activities relates to crops, livestock, and ag diesel mechanics.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or their estimated fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than three years. Renovations to buildings and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Depreciation is computed on assets having a value of more than \$5,000 using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is not allocated to the various functions of the College but is reported separately on these financial statements. The amortization expense of equipment under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

Estimated useful lives used for calculating depreciation are as follows:

Land improvements – 10 to 15 years Buildings – 15 to 40 years Furniture – 10 years Equipment – 5 to 7 years

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition, fees, and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year, but related to the subsequent accounting periods. Unearned revenue may also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

Federal programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Compensated Absences Payable

Employee vacation and sick leave pay is accrued at year end for financial statement purposes. The liability is recorded in the statement of net position and a related expense is recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The amount for vacation payable is based on leave earned, but not taken. Employees are allowed to carry over a limited number of vacation days from year to year.

Unused sick leave is accumulated up to a specified maximum number of days. Upon separation from the College, the compensation is based upon a pre-determined daily dollar amount multiplied by the number of accumulated sick days.

Medical Claims Payable

The medical claims payable relates to the College's self-insured health care program and includes reported, as well as estimated incurred but not reported, medical claims. These are expected to be fully paid within one year of the financial statement date.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of certificates of participation payable with maturities greater than one year, related premiums and discounts, Sports Arena payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year; and (2) estimated amounts for the early retirement benefits payable, compensated absences payable, other post-employment benefits payable and net pension liabilities not anticipated to be paid within the next fiscal year.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The College has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or original debt. The second is deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits and pensions as actuarially determined and explained in Note 7, 8 and 9, respectively.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources (Cont.)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred inflows relating to other postemployment benefits and pensions as actuarially determined and explained in Note 7, 8 and 9, respectively.

Net Position

The College's net positions are classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – nonexpendable – Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted net position – expendable – Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position — Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the College will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the College's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) most federal, state and local grants and contracts.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

(c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

Classification of Revenues (Cont.)

Nonoperating revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources such as state and county appropriations and investment income.

Property Tax Information

Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned or distributed to the various subdivisions until the January of the current fiscal year, such procedure being in conformity with governing Kansas statutes. Current year property taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for delinquent taxes. A sixty-day period is used for revenue recognition.

The County Appraiser is responsible for assessment of all taxable property within Reno County. The County Clerk computes the annual tax and issues the tax bills to all taxpayers. Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer, who remits to the College its respective share of the tax collections. Property taxes become a lien against all property on November 1st. Taxpayers have the option of paying in full, or in two installments. The installment dates are December 20 and May 10.

Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship allowances are the differences between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as PELL, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship allowance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during that reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

(a) Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds, and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Cont.)

(a) Budgetary Information (Cont.)

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding fiscal year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The College's legal level of budget control is at the fund level. Kansas statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

Kansas statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting. Regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments for future payment and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are not re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget but are carried forward until liquidated or canceled. Accordingly, the data presented in the budgetary comparison schedules differs from the data presented in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The reconciliations are presented on the face of the budgetary comparison schedules.

A legal operating budget is not required for current restricted funds, capital project funds, trust funds, and some special revenue funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

(b) Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1113)

Kansas municipalities are subject to the cash-basis law as stated in KSA 10-1113. Some sub-funds of the Restricted Funds have a negative unencumbered cash balance at June 30, 2019, which is allowable under KSA 12-1663. This fund will be reimbursed from federal grants, state grants, and other contracts for expenditures already incurred by the College in the following fiscal year. This combined receivable has been recognized for GAAP purposes on these financial statements.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the College had cash and cash equivalents as listed below:

Deposits in financial banking institutions	\$ 15,595,358
Certificates of deposit	10,067,827

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,663,185

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Cont.)

The College did not have any activity in investment-type assets.

The College's policies relating to deposits and investments are governed by various Kansas Statutes (KSA). Those statutes specify the type of deposits and investments as well as the securing of those deposits and investments.

Interest rate risk — Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with KSA 12-1675, the College manages its exposure to interest rate fluctuations by limiting all time investments to maturities of less than two years.

Credit risk – State law limits the amount of credit risk by restricting governments to specific investment types as listed in KSA 12-1675. The College's practice is to place idle funds in certificates of deposits, United States obligations, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP). The KMIP was rated AAAf/S1+ by Standard & Poor's as of March, 2019. The KMIP is permitted to invest in fully collateralized certificates of deposit, certain obligations of the United States, certain repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements, and other types of investments. The fair value of the investments in the pool are the same as the value of the pool shares. The KMIP is managed by the Pool Investment Board of which four members are appointed by the Governor of the State of Kansas.

Custodial credit risk — The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. KSA 9-1402 and 9-1405 requires that governments obtain security for all deposits. The College manages its custodial credit risk by requiring the financial institutions to grant a security interest in securities held by third-party custodial banks. Monies in the KMIP are not required to have pledged securities. As of June 30, 2019, the College was not exposed to custodial credit risk with its deposits or investments.

Concentration of credit risk – This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The College manages this risk by placing funds with financial institutions only after contacting all eligible institutions in the taxing area and by the fact that the monies in the KMIP are diverse according to the policies of the investment pool.

Component unit — Investments of the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association consists of mutual funds, treasury obligations, certificates of deposits, and other investments. These investments are managed by the Finance Committee of the Endowment Association. These types of investments are not regulated by Kansas statutes. These investments are subject to all normal market risks.

At June 30, 2019, the College had invested in funds in the State's Municipal Investment Pool. The municipal investment pool is under the oversight of the Pooled Money Investment Board. The board is comprised of the State Treasurer and four additional members appointed by the State Governor. The board reports annually to the Kansas legislature. State pooled monies may be invested in direct obligations that are insured as to principal and interest, by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, with maturities up to four years. No more than ten percent of those funds may be invested in mortgage-backed securities. In addition, the State pool may invest in repurchase agreements with Kansas banks or with primary government securities dealers.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	(Decrease) Adjustments	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 195,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,688
Books and films	1,088,964	-	-	1,088,964
Construction in progress	54	but .		
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,284,652		No.	1,284,652
Depreciable capital assets:				
Improvements	2,911,443	-	-	2,911,443
Buildings	50,847,090	100,473	-	50,947,563
Equipment	<u> 18,053,614</u>	688,841	(232,092)	18,510,363
Total depreciable capital assets	71,812,147	789,314	(232,092)	72,369,369
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Improvements	(2,131,035)	(166,862)	***	(2,297,897)
Buildings	(26,576,718)	(1,796,450)	-	(28,373,168)
Equipment	(16,221,975)	(338,127)	223,784	(16,336,318)
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,929,728)	(2,301,439)	223,784	(47,007,383)
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 28,167,071</u>	\$ (1,512,125)	<u>\$ (8,308)</u>	\$ 26,646,638

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 is \$2,301,439.

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	-	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Payments/ Reductions	Ending Balance	 Current Portion
Certificates of Participation	\$	5,645,000	\$ -	\$ (215,000)	\$ 5,430,000	\$ 220,000
Premium on Certificates		45,571	-	(2,279)	43,292	2,279
Sports Arena		4,500,000	-	(750,000)	3,750,000	500,000
Capital lease obligations		4,930,460	32,548	(369,409)	4,593,599	379,298
Compensated absences		484,776	39,059	40,131	563,966	463,850
Early retirement benefits		241,581	178,184	(139, 193)	280,572	152,009
Post employment healthcare		1,501,478	_	(453,966)	1,047,512	-
Net pension liability		824,216	 -	 (165,735)	 658,481	 -
Total long-term liabilities	\$	18,173,082	\$ 249,791	\$ (2,055,451)	\$ 16,367,422	\$ 1,717,436

5. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont.)

The Certificates of Participation and the Sports Arena will be liquidated by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund. The Board of Regents loan will be paid through the Capital Outlay Fund. The capital lease obligations are liquidated through the Central Administrative Funds and the General Fund. The compensated absences, early retirement benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and the pension benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund.

(a) Certificates of Participation

The College issued Certificates of Participation Series 2012. The original issue amount was \$6,650,000, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$375,000 through year 2038. Interest rates vary from 2.00% to 4.00%.

The annual debt service requirements for the certificates of participation are as follows:

Year Ending		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	 Total
6/30/2020	\$	220,000	\$	177,903	\$ 397,903
6/30/2021		225,000		173,553	398,553
6/30/2022		235,000		167,978	402,978
6/30/2023		240,000		161,078	401,078
6/30/2024		245,000		154,672	399,672
6/30/25 - 6/30/29		1,335,000		675,853	2,010,853
6/30/30 - 6/30/34		1,560,000		468,794	2,028,794
6/30/35 - 6/30/39	•	1,370,000		168,000	 1,538,000
Total	\$	5,430,000	\$	2,147,831	\$ 7,577,831

(b) Sports Arena Payable

The College entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Hutchinson to help finance the cost of construction and funding improvements to the Hutchinson Sports Arena. The original agreement amount was \$4,500,000, due in annual installments ranging from \$250,000 to \$500,000 through year 2027. Interest rate is 0%. The College has elected to not impute interest based on guidance in the GASB Comprehensive Implementation Guide.

The annual debt service requirements for the sports arena are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal		Principal Interest		Total		
6/30/2020	\$	500,000	\$ _	\$	500,000		
6/30/2021		500,000	-		500,000		
6/30/2022		500,000			500,000		
6/30/2023		500,000	-		500,000		
6/30/2024		500,000	-		500,000		
6/30/25 - 6/30/28		1,250,000	 -		1,250,000		
Total	\$	3,750,000	\$ ~	\$	3,750,000		

5. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont.)

(c) Capital Lease Obligations

The College has entered into various lease agreements for financing the acquisition of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been reported at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The equipment totaled \$215,204 and is included in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The College has a lease agreement with the Educational Facilities Authority of Reno County for Gowans Stadium. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been reported at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The construction and equipment totaled \$1,196,200 and is included in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The College also has a lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been reported at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The construction and future equipment totaled \$7,180,000 and is included as an asset in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The annual debt service requirements for capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending		Principal		Principal Interest		 Total
6/30/2020	\$	379,298	\$	215,379	\$ 594,677	
6/30/2021		401,806		197,893	599,699	
6/30/2022		412,623		179,503	592,126	
6/30/2023		437,265		160,169	597,434	
6/30/2024		466,005		139,555	605,560	
6/30/24 - 6/30/28		2,496,602		334,624	 2,831,226	
Total	\$	4,593,599	\$_	1,227,123	\$ 5,820,722	

(d) Early Retirement Benefit Plan

At the discretion of the Board of Trustees, the College offers a voluntary early retirement plan to eligible employees. Employees must have completed at least 15 years of full-time and continuous service with the College and must be eligible to receive unreduced KPERS retirement benefits. Benefits apply for a maximum of 38 months, or until the employee is eligible for full social security benefits, whichever occurs first. This benefit program is unfunded and current costs are paid by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the College paid \$156,726 in benefits. The liability for the early retirement benefit plan includes the expected cash outflows discounted at a range of 1.625% to 2.125%. At year end, there were 20 retirees receiving benefits.

6. Operating Lease

The College leases 200 E. Third Ave., Hutchinson, KS for the purpose of operating Sidney's Hairdressing College. The operating lease term is through December 31, 2021. Expenses for the year ending June 30, 2018, were \$42,000.

6. Operating Lease (Cont.)

The future minimum lease payments for operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Total				
6/30/2020	\$	42,000			
6/30/2021	***************************************	17,500			
Total	\$	59,500			

7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Through its group program the College sponsors Medical / Rx and Dental insurance to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through a self-funded arrangement with stop-loss coverage. Two Medical plans are available. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate retirement benefits under the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System and retire prior to Social Security Normal Retirement Age. Retirees may continue coverage with the College by paying the carrier premium rate. Coverage is available until Social Security Normal Retirement Age for retirees and their spouses. Retirees receive a benefit since they aren't charged the full age-based cost. Re-enrollment is not allowed once a participant discontinues enrollment in the College's insurance program.

Effective January 1, 2015 the group insurance of the College is delivered through a self-insured program with stop-loss coverage. Eligible employees may continue coverage upon retirement through the group program. Two medical plan options are available.

Coverage is available until Social Security Normal Retirement Age ("SSNRA"). Spouses may continue coverage upon retiree death or retiree attainment of SSNRA, until the spouse reaches SSNRA. All benefits renew annually each January 1.

Covered Employees	-
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	9
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	_
Active plan members	391
Total	400

Funding Policy

The College provides health insurance benefits to retirees and their dependents in accordance with Kansas law (KSA 12-5040). The benefits are paid from the general operating assets of the College on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the College are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees.

Employer Contributions

An employer may make contributions through an irrevocable transfer of assets to a qualifying trust, direct payment of benefits or a combination of these. Without a trust and self-funded, the contribution equals retiree claims plus admin costs, less any retiree contribution premiums. Without a trust and not self-funded, the contribution equals age-adjusted premium costs, less any retiree contribution premiums.

7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (Cont.)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The College's annual OPEB cost (expense) consists of the service cost plus interest on total OPEB liability and changes in assumptions and inputs. The service cost is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value of OPEB benefits that is allocated to the current year by the Actuarial Cost method. The following table presents the components of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the College's total OPEB obligation to the Plan.

	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	\$	1,501,478
Service cost		106,096
Interest cost		52,604
Changes in benefit terms		-
Differences between actual and expected experience		(177,219)
Changes in assumptions and inputs		(408,447)
Employer contributions (benefit payments)		27,000
Net changes		(453,966)
Net OPEB liability - end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,047,512

The College saw no benefit changes to the disabilitant's percentage of replacement income due to the changes from FY18 to FY19.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.00% in 2018 to 3.30% in 2019 in accordance with GASB 75.

Changes from the beginning to the end of year measurement for FY 2018-19 are noted below:

- The assumed mortality was changed to the Society of Actuaries RPH-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality table with MP-2018 Full Generational Improvement.
- Adjusted the trend on retiree premium contributions and age-based costs considering 9-1-17 and 9-1-18 renewals.

Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$1,047,512 reported as of June 30, 2019 was measured as of June 30, 2019 (the measurement date), and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Procedures and Discount Rate

Salary increases; including wage increases	2.00%
Discount rate	3.00%

GASB 75 standards require a single discount rate be determined. To the extent Plan (i.e. Trust) assets are projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, the discount rate will equal the expected return on such assets. To the extent a Plan is not projected to be sufficient to make future benefit payments, the yield or index for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher should be factored in. Plan assets do not apply to the College's program.

7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (Cont.)

In order to determine the municipal bond rate the actuaries took the average of the published yields from the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade and the Fidelity GO AA-20 Years indexes. The selected average rates are 3.3% and 3.0% as of the beginning and end of year measurement dates, respectively. These were used as the discount rates to determine present value costs.

Mortality rates used for the dealth benefits were based on the Society of Actuaries RPH-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality with Scale MP-2018 Full Generational Improvement.

The financial information for fiscal year 2018-19 is based upon a GASB 75 actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2017 using the participant census as of January 1, 2017.

The measurement date as selected by the College under GASB 75 Standards is June 30th. The results of the valuation were projected to the beginning of year and end of year measurement dates using standard actuarial techniques.

In the January 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of pay Actuarial Cost method was applied. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.00% investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on Plan assets and on the College's pooled funds and investments. The valuation assumed annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.00% in the first year and then 5.75% in year two, decreasing by 0.25% until year seven when it reaches an ultimate rate of 4.50%. The valuation followed generally accepted actuarial methods and included tests as considered necessary to assure the accuracy of the results.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

	<u>1%</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	Current 7	rend Assumption	19	% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	915,275	\$	1,047,512	\$	1,206,275
Increase / (Decrease)						
from Baseline		(132,237)		-		158,763

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

	19	1% Decrease 2.00%		Current Single Discount Rate Assumption 3.00%		•		6 Increase 4.00%
Net OPEB Liability Increase / (Decrease)	\$	1,153,551	\$	1,047,512	\$	951,174		
from Baseline		106,039		-		(96,338)		

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2019 the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred		Deferred
	ou	tflows of	in	flows of
<u>Category</u>	re	sources	re	esources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	_	\$	163,587
Changes in assumptions		97,932	·	377,028
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date (1)				
Total	\$	97,932	\$	540,615

(1) Expected Employer Contributions between Measurement date and the Reporting date - Does not apply.

7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (Cont.)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as an expense/(income) item in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Amount			
2020	\$	(34,170)		
2021		(34,170)		
2022		(34,170)		
2023		(34,170)		
2024		(34,170)		
Thereafter		(271.833)		

8. Other Post Employment Benefit Plan - KPERS Death and Disabilities

The College participates in a multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan) which is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS). The Plan provides long-term disability benefits and a life insurance benefit for disabled members to KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-04927. The Plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. However because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, the trust does not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accordingly, the Plan is considered to be administered on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Contributions

Employer contributions are established and may be amended by state statute. Members are not required to contribute. Employer contributions paid for benefits as they came due during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, totaled \$3,625.

Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for the College, as defined in K.S.A. 74-4931 (2) and (3), are made by the State of Kansas on behalf of the College. Therefore, the College is considered to be in a special funding situation. Accordingly, the State is required to recognize the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense for the OPEB plan attributable to the College. The College records revenue and OPEB expense in an amount equal to the expense recognized by the State on behalf of the College.

Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The Plan provides long-term disability benefits equal to 60% (prior to January 1, 2006, 66 2/3%) of annual compensation, offset by other benefits. Members receiving long-term disability benefits also receive credit towards their KPERS retirement benefits and have their group life insurance coverage continued under the waiver of premium provision.

The monthly long-term disability benefit is 60% of the member's monthly compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, workers compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other sources by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues until the member's 65th birthday or retirement date, whichever occurs first. If the disability begins after age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues, for a period of five years or until the member retires, whichever occurs first. Benefit payments for disabilities caused or contributed to by substance abuse or non-biologically based mental illnesses are limited to the shorter of the term of the disability or 24 months per lifetime.

8. Other Post Employment Benefit Plan - KPERS Death and Disabilities (Cont.)

The death benefit paid to beneficiaries of disabled members is 150% of the greater of 1) the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability, or 2) the members previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member has been disabled for five or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed using the consumer price index, less one percentage point, to compute the death benefit. If a member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, the member may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary. If a member retires or disability benefits end, the member may convert the group life insurance coverage to an individual insurance policy.

Covered Employees

The College has the following employees covered by the Plan as of June 30, 2018:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1
Active employees	423
Total	424

Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019, the total OPEB liability recognized by the State of Kansas that was attributable to the College was \$232,922.

Actuarial Assumptions

The financial information for fiscal year 2018-19 is based upon actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the participant census as of July 1, 2017.

The measurement date as selected by the College under GASB 75 Standards is June 30th. The results of the valuation were projected to the end of year measurement date using standard actuarial techniques.

Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage increases	3.50-10.00%
Discount rate (based on the 20 year municipal bond rate with an average	
rating of AA/Aa or better, obtained from the index.)	3.87%

Mortality rates used for the death benefits were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males and Females, adjusted for generational mortality improvement using MP-2018. Mortality rates used for the disability benefits were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Life Table with generational mortality improvement using MP-2108.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for three years ending June 30, 2015.

Revenue and OPEB Expense Recorded by the College

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized revenue and OPEB expense in an equal amount of (\$3,625).

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The College participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS or System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by Kansas law and administered by KPERS, a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737, or at the KPERS website at www.kpers.org.

KPERS provides pension benefits to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by KSA 74, article 49:

- Public employees, which include:
 - State/School Employees
 - Local Employees
- Police and Firemen
- · Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by the pension plan. The State of Kansas and Kansas schools are required to participate, while participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

The employer contributions for non-public school district schools, as defined in KSA 74-4931 (2) and (3), are funded by the State of Kansas on behalf of these employers. Therefore, these employers, are vocational-technical schools and community junior colleges, are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. The State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity in the System. Since these employers do not contribute directly to the System for active employees, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements for active employees. The notes to the College's financial statements must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the non-public school district employer. In addition, each non-public school district employer must recognize the pension expense associated with their employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with their employer.

A number of these employers make contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per KSA 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportional share of these agencies "working after retirement" contributions and resulting net pension liability are attributable to the employer.

Benefits Provided

Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points".

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by KSA 74-4922.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

Contributions

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund established by KSA 74-4922. Member contribution rates are established by State law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal revenue code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates for each of the three state wide pension groups to be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by KSA 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.20% of total payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The State is required to contributed 100% of the College's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. However, they do make contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per KSA 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportinal share of the "working after retirement" contributions and resulting new pension liability are attributable to the employer.

KSA 74-4919 and KSA 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members.

The College's contractually required contributions rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 16.38% of the annual college payroll of which .01% of payroll was required from the College and 99.99% of payroll was required from the State. The College's contributions to the pension plan were \$57,805 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Legislature in the 2015 session authorized issuance of \$1.0 billion in net bond proceeds to improve the funding of the State/School group. The bonds were issued in August 2015 and deposited in the trust fund on August 20, 2015.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Employer Allocations

Although KPERS administers one cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- · Police and Fireman
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2019, the College reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the State pension support provided to the College. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College were as follows:

College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 658,481
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the College	 2,768,290
	\$ 3,426,771

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of its contributions to the total of the employer and non-employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits, and irregular payments. At June 30, 2018, the combined College and State's proportion was 2.05%, which was a decrease of .42% from its proportion measured as of the year ended June 30, 2017.

For the actuarial report as of June 30, 2018, there were changes in assumptions and benefits as described in the notes to the required supplemental information.

There were no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, and the College's reporting date of June 30, 2019.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized pension expense of \$3,075,863 and revenue of \$3,075,863 for support provided by the state. For the portion related to the "working after retirement" the College recognized pension expense of \$59,872, which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the College from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ -	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 28,585
Changes of assumptions	24,778	569
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	11,295	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College contributions and proportionate share of contributions	292,082	116,007
Total	\$ 328,155	\$ 145,161

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses by the College as follows:

Year ended June 30:	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ 83,307
2020	61,110
2021	41,093
2022	4,104
2023	(6,620)
Thereafter	
	\$ 182,994

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability recognized by the State and the portion recognized by the College, were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

٠	Price Inflation	2.75 percent
٠	Wage inflation	3.50 percent
•	Salary increases, including wage increases	3.5 to 12.0 percent, including inflation
•	Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation	7.75 percent

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2015. The experience study is dated November 18, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of the most recent experience study, dated November 18, 2016, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Long-term target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Global Equity	47.00%	6.85%
Fixed Income	13.00%	1.25%
Yield Driven	8.00%	6.55%
Real Return	11.00%	1.71%
Real Estate	11.00%	5.05%
Alternatives	8.00%	9.85%
Short-term Investments	<u>2.00%</u>	-0.25%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions as outlined below.

In KPERS, the State/School and Local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarially determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2017 was 1.2 percent.

In recent years, the Legislature has made several changes to statutory rates that deviate from the scheduled contribution increases set under the caps established in 2012 for the State/School group. Under 2015 SB 4, the previously certified State/School statutory rate for Fiscal Year 2015 of 11.27 percent was reduced to 8.65 percent for the last half of the fiscal year as part of the Governor's allotment. That same session, SB 228 recertified statutory rates for the State/School group to 10.91 percent for Fiscal Year 2016 and 10.81 percent for Fiscal Year 2017 in anticipation of the issuance of \$1 billion in pension obligation bonds. Legislation in the 2016 session (SB 161) provided for the delay of up to \$100 million in State and School contributions to the Pension Plan. Legislation passed by the 2017 Legislature removed the repayment provisions included in SB 161.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Cont.)

In addition, 2017 S Sub. For Sub. HB 2052 delayed \$64.1 million in Fiscal Year State/School contributions, to be repaid over 20 years in level dollar installments. The first year payment of \$6.4 million was paid in full at the beginning of of Fiscal Year 2018, and appropriations for Fiscal Year 2018 were made at the statutory contribution rate of 12.01 percent for the State/School group.. Additional legislation in the 2017 Session (S Sub for HB 2002) provided for a reduction of \$194 million from the previously certified contribution rate of 13.21 percent in the State/School contributions for Fiscal Year 2019. Like the Fiscal Year 2017 reduction, it is to be paid back over a 20 year period, beginning in Fiscal Year 2020. Therefore, both reductions will be accounted for as long-term receivables by the Pension Plan. The 2018 Legislature passed House Sub for Sen Bill 109, that provided additional funds for the school group of \$56 million in Fiscal Year 2018 and \$138 million in Fiscal Year 2019.

Sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The table below presents the net pension liability of the Pension Plan as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
\$886,797	\$658,481	\$465,360

10. Risk Management

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There has been no significant change in insurance coverage from the previous fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The College has established a self-insured health care program for eligible College employees and covered dependents. The activity is reported in an internal service fund on these financial statements. The College limits its exposure through specific and aggregate stop-loss coverage. All claims handling procedures are performed by a third-party claims administrator. Reported unpaid claims, as well as incurred but not reported claims, have been accrued as a liability based upon the claims administrator's estimate. These claims are expected to be fully paid within one year of the financial statement date.

Changes in claims liabilities during the past year is summarized below:

Unpaid claims, June 30, 2018	\$ 681,341
Claims incurred (including incurred but not reported)	1,265,075
Claim payments	 (1,780,216)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2019	\$ 166,201

11. Related Party Transactions Between the College and its Component Unit

The Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association paid \$944,689 in student scholarships during the current fiscal year.

The College provides administrative support, office space, and other services to the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association. The Endowment Association does not reimburse the College for expenses incurred.

12. Contingent Liabilities

The College receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants and state pass-through aid. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the College. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

The College is a defendant in various pending litigation and administrative proceedings. Management anticipates that any potential claims, if any, against the College would be covered by insurance and would not materially affect the College's financial position.

13. Subsequent Events

On September 12, 2019, the College approved the Student Union and Dormatory System Revenue Bond Series 2019 in the amount of \$5,000,000. This will be used for contructing, equipping, and furnishing improvements to the Student Union comprised of a kichen addition, remodeling of space into a larger dining area, remodeling of space in the basement for student recreation and meeting space, and all related improvements. The payments of principal and interest will on the revnue bonds will be payable from the gross or net revenues derived from the operations of the System.

Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statements of subsequent events occurring through the date of this report, which is the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLI	EMENTARY INFORI	MATION	

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability - Healthcare For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2014 2013 2012	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of year		1,501,478 \$ 1,306,130	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availal	ple.		
Service Cost	106,096	95,133	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	st availa	ble.		
Interest Cost	52,604	46,521	46,521 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ble.		
Changes in Benefit Terms		1	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ble.		
Differences between actual and expected experience	(177,219)	l	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ble.		
Changes in assumptions and inputs	(408,447)	119,694	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	st availal	ple.		
Employer contributions	(27,000)		(66,000) For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ple.		
Net Changes	(453,966)	195,348	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ple.		
Total OPEB Liability - End of year	\$ 1,047,512	1,047,512 \$ 1,501,478 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	For 2009	to 2016,	this data	is not ye	et availa	ple.		

Note: For June 30, 2018, GASB 75 was implemented. The information for years 2009-2016 is not available under the measurement requirements of GASB 75.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Healthcare For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total OPEB Liability	↔	1,047,512	1,047,512 \$ 1,501,478 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	or 2009 tc	, 2016, th	iis data is r	of yet ava	ilable.			
Fiduciary net position			1	or 2009 to	, 2016, th	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	ot yet ava	ilable.			
Net OPEB liability	4	1,047,512	1,047,512 \$ 1,501,478 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	or 2009 to	, 2016, th	is data is r	ot yet ava	ilable.			
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		%00.0	0.00% F	or 2009 tc	, 2016, th	0.00% For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	ot yet ava	iilable.			
Covered-employee payroil	↔	17,718,513	17,718,513 \$16,380,554 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	or 2009 to	, 2016, th	is data is n	ot yet ava	ilable.			
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.90%	9.20% F	or 2009 tc	, 2016, th	9.20% For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	ot yet ava	ilable.			

Note: For June 30, 2018, GASB 75 was implemented. The information for years 2009-2016 is not available under the measurement requirements of GASB 75.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year. 39

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - KPERS Death and Disability For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014 2013 2012 2011 2010	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 232,922	22 \$	236,547	236,547 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, th	is data is r	not yet ava	ilable.			
Fiduciary net position		1	1	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, th	is data is r	oot yet ava	ilable.			
Net OPEB liability	\$ 232,922	 22 		236,547 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, th	is data is r	ot yet ava	iilable.			
Nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 232,922	\$	236,547	236,547 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, thi	is data is n	ot yet ava	iilable.			
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability		1	1	For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, thi	is data is n	ot yet ava	ilable.			
Covered-employee payroll	\$21,688,860		\$20,900,301								
Nonemployer's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.07%	%	1.13%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	%	0.00%	0.00% For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	o 2016, thi	s data is n	ot yet ava	llable.			

Note: For June 30, 2018, GASB 75 was implemented. The information for years 2009-2016 is not available under the measurement requirements of GASB 75.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Schedule of the College's OPEB Contributions - KPERS Death & Disability For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2015 2014	2013 2012 2011	2012	2011	2010	2009
Statutorily required OPEB contributions	↔	15,750 \$	17,715	17,715 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	2016, this o	data is not y	ret available	at.			
OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions**		15,750	17,715	17,715 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	2016, this o	data is not y	/et available	a:			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	⇔	·									
College's covered-employee payroll	€	21,688,860 \$	20,900,301 For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	For 2009 to	2016, this o	data is not y	/et available	.:			
OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.07%	0.08%	0.08% For 2009 to 2016, this data is not yet available.	2016, this o	data is not y	/et available	الم			

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

^{**} Contributions in relation to statutorily required OPEB contributions are the contributions an employer actually made to the OPEB Plan, as distinct from statutorily required contributions.

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

					ĺ									
		2018		2017	2016		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
College's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)		0.007%		0.009%	0.0	0.004%	0.002%	0.000%	0.000% F	0.000% For 2008 to 2012, this data is not yet available.	2012, this	data is no	ot yet avai	lable.
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	↔	658,481	↔	824,216 \$		393,733 \$	391,006 \$		1	- For 2008 to 2012, this data is not yet available.	2012, this	data is no	ot yet avai	fable.
State's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		0.354%		0.357%	.00	0.352%	0.125%	0.348%	0.341%					
State's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	€9	31,533,420	€>	32,588,272 \$	32,468,359	\$ 656.	32,053,273 \$	28,836,666 \$	32,815,043 For 2008 to 2012, this data is not yet available.	or 2008 to	2012, this	data is no	ıt yet avai	lable.
Total collective net pension liability (asset)	69	32,191,901	€	33,412,488 \$	32,862,092	,092 \$	32,444,279 \$	28,836,666 \$	32,815,043					
College's covered-employee payroll	↔	22,117,866	€9	22,028,170 \$	21,157,899	\$ 668,	20,515,939 \$	20,209,665 \$	19,614,418					
Toal collective net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		145.547%		151.681%	155.318%	118%	158.142%	142.688%	167.301% For 2008 to 2012, this data is not yet available.	or 2008 to	2012, this	data is no	t yet avail	able.
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.876%		67.119%	65.0	65.097%	64.946%	66.602%	59.943% For 2008 to 2012, this data is not yet available.	or 2008 to	2012, this	data is no	t yet avail	able.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Schedule of College Contributions For the Year ended June 30, 2019

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	4	2013	2	2012	2	2011		2010	اه	2009	~	2008	
Contractually required contribution	69	57,805	↔	60,813	↔	27,378	↔	24,530	↔	1	↔	1	↔	•	↔	1	↔	,	.	↔	1	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(57,805)		(60,813)		(27,378)		(24,530)		1		1		*		Ч		ij			1	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩		69	1	69		€	t	€	П	↔	1	↔	1	€	1	69	'	· ·	€\$	-	
College's covered-employee payroll	↔	22,117,866	↔	22,028,170 \$ 21,157,899	\$ 21	1,157,899	\$20,	\$20,515,939	↔	t	(/)	•	↔	1	↔	t	↔	1	· 4 0	↔	1	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.26%		0.28%		0.13%		0.12%		0.00%	0.0	0.00%		%00.0	0.0	0.00%		0.00%	%00.0	vo.	0.00%	

Note: Historically, the College has not been responsible for contributions due to being a special funding situation. The State of Kansas has paid all contributions. Due to changes in the statutes, the College is now responsible for "working after retirement" employees contributions.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Other Post Employment Benefits - Healthcare

Changes in benefit terms:

There are no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.3% in 2018 to 3.0% in 2019.

Changes from the beginning to the end of year measurement for FY 2018-19 are noted below:

- The assumed mortality was changed to the Society of Actuaries RPH-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality table with MP-2018 Full Generational Improvement.
- Adjusted the trend on retiree premium contributions and age-based costs considering 9-1-17 and 9-1-18 renewals.

Other Post Employment Benefits - KPERS Death and Disabilities

Changes in benefit terms:

There are no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% in 2017 to 3.87% in 2018.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

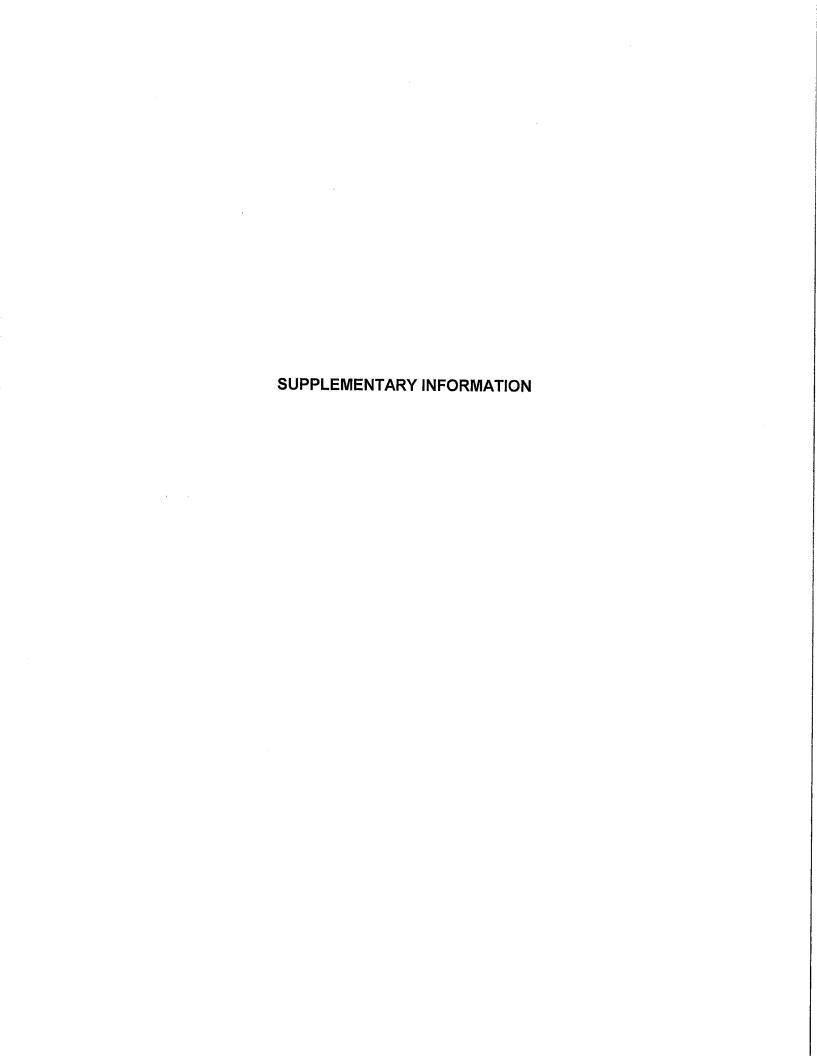
Changes in benefit terms:

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015 was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

Changes in assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions changes adopted by the Pension Plan for all groups based on the experience study:

- Price inflation lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent
- Investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00 percent to 7.75 percent
- General wage growth assumption was lowered from 4.00 to 3.50 percent
- Payroll growth assumption was lowered from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent



Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts	ф 7 004 000	Ф 7 004 000	.	
Student sources Federal sources	\$ 7,224,993 100,000	\$ 7,224,993 100,000	\$ 6,021,645	\$ (1,203,348)
State sources	4,927,040	4,927,040	5,035,158	(100,000) 108,118
Local sources	15,488,037	15,488,037	14,583,262	(904,775)
Other sources	1,738,891	1,738,891	33,860	(1,705,031)
Total Cash Receipts	\$29,478,961	\$29,478,961	25,673,925	\$ (3,805,036)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget				
Instruction	\$ 7,468,576	\$ 7,468,576	6,034,029	\$ (1,434,547)
Public service	298,727	298,727	25,256	(273,471)
Academic support	2,511,502	2,511,502	1,613,367	(898,135)
Student services	6,093,531	6,093,531	5,176,325	(917,206)
Institutional support	3,919,354	3,919,354	3,168,740	(750,614)
Operation and maintenance Scholarships	3,809,049 377,558	3,809,049 377,558	2,846,816 308,692	(962,233)
Transfer to Postsecondary Technical Education Fund	5,500,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	(68,866)
Nonmandatory transfers out	1,661,000	1,661,000	1,661,000	-
Normandatory transfers out	1,001,000		1,001,000	
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$31,639,297	\$31,639,297	26,334,225	\$ (5,305,072)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			(660,300)	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			10,607,227	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 9,946,927	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables			\$ 9,946,927 610	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 9,947,537	

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Postsecondary Technical Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources	\$ 4.456.344	¢ 4.456.244	¢ 2.500.754	Φ /006 E00\
Federal sources	\$ 4,456,344 514,237	\$ 4,456,344 514,237	\$ 3,569,754 316,070	\$ (886,590) (198,167)
State sources	5,542,577	5,542,577	4,106,345	(1,436,232)
Other sources	1,422,104	1,422,104	997,299	(424,805)
Transfer from General Fund	5,500,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 17,435,262	\$ 17,435,262	14,489,468	\$ (2,945,794)
Expenditures Subject to Budget				
Instruction	\$ 10,440,346	\$ 10,440,346	8,265,414	\$ (2,174,932)
Public service	327,371	327,371	327,678	307
Academic support	1,763,542	1,763,542	1,215,642	(547,900)
Student services	2,266,769	2,266,769	866,411	(1,400,358)
Institutional support	2,446,281	2,446,281	1,845,234	(601,047)
Operation and maintenance	2,320,452	2,320,452	1,609,845	(710,607)
Scholarships	108,130	108,130	PA .	(108,130)
Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	\$ 19,672,891	\$ 19,672,891	14,130,224	\$ (5,542,667)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			359,244	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			173,346	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 532,590	
Detail of unencumbered cash balance: Vocational Education Fund Perkins Grant Fund			\$ 529,680 2,910	
			\$ 532,590	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 532,590	
Receivables Unearned revenue			(1,300)	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 531,290	

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Adult Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cook Receipts		Budgeted Original	i Am	nounts Final		Actual Amounts udgetary Basis		Variance Vith Final Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources	\$	3,785	\$	3,785	\$		\$	(3,785)
Federal sources	Ψ	153,948	Ψ	153,948	Ψ	- 88,147	Ψ	(65,801)
State sources		146,549		146,549		63,031		(83,518)
Local sources		108,130		108,130		19,250		(88,880)
Private gifts and grants		5,969		5,969		-		(5,969)
Other sources		170,710		170,710		190,253		19,543
Total Cash Receipts	\$	589,091	\$	589,091		360,681	\$	(228,410)
Expenditures Subject to Budget								
Instruction	\$	431,036	\$	431,036		173,668	\$	(257,368)
Academic support		141,760	·	141,760		187,333	Τ.	45,573
Total Former dilamon Collins (C. D.)								
Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	\$	572,796	\$	572,796		361,001	\$	(211,795)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures						(320)		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1						9,465		
						0,400		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					<u>\$</u>	9,145		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					\$	9,145		
Receivables					Ψ	5,1-70		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)					\$	9,145		

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Adult Supplementary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Ocal Deceipts		Budgeted Original	1A l	nounts Final		Actual Amounts udgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources	\$	634,456	\$	634,456	\$	364,975	\$	(269,481)
Federal sources	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,700	Ψ	4,700
State sources		31,335		31,335		, _		(31,335)
Private gifts and grants		4,011		4,011		33,345		29,334
Other sources		908,903		908,903		56,434		(852,469)
Total Cash Receipts	\$	1,578,705	<u>\$</u>	1,578,705		459,454	\$	(1,119,251)
Expenditures Subject to Budget Instruction	\$	1,310,495	\$	1,310,495		444,546	<u>\$</u>	(865,949)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures						14,908		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1						222,685		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					\$	237,593		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables					\$	237,593 17,686		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)					\$	255,279		

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Motorcycle Driver Safety Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash Receipts	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Student sources	\$ 119,072 \$ 119,07	· ·	\$ (64,674)
State sources Other sources	16,670 16,67	0 17,472 	802
Total Cash Receipts	<u>\$ 135,742</u> <u>\$ 135,74</u>	2 71,870	\$ (63,872)
Expenditures Subject to Budget Instruction Academic support	\$ 249,236 \$ 249,23 5,891 5,89	•	\$ (197,062) (5,891)
Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	<u>\$ 255,127</u> <u>\$ 255,12</u>	7 52,174	\$ (202,953)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		19,696	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1		134,468	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30		<u>\$ 154,164</u>	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables		\$ 154,164 	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)		<u>\$ 154,164</u>	

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Auxiliary Enterprise Funds - Combined Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2				Variance
				Actual	ual		With Final
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Student Service	Academic	Central	Total Budgetary	Budget Over
	Original	Final	Enterprises	Enterprises	Administration	Basis	(Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources Federal sources	\$ 751,866 37,845	\$ 751,866 37,845	\$ 1,002,653	3,585	ι ι •	\$ 1,002,653 3,585	\$ 250,787 (34,260)
Private gifts and grants Sales Other	537,169 9,554,994 1,326,262	537,169 9,554,994 1,326,262	210,020 4,525,651 88 957	- 204,229 284 551	- 619,466 29	210,020 5,349,346 373,537	(327,149) (4,205,648) (952,725)
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 12,208,136	\$ 12,208,136	5,827,281	492,365	619,495	6,939,141	\$ (5,268,995)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Salaries and benefits	\$ 796.566	\$ 796.566	182.293	149,000	60.081	391,374	\$ (405.192)
General operating	2,	ر ب	706,601	74,681	887,490	1,668,772	
Supplies Scholarships	736,997	736,997	97,542 1 063 684	49,585 2,160	122,668	269,795 1 065 844	(467,202) 195 693
Cost of sales	5,252,440	5,252,440	1,789,458	108,663	I	1,898,121	(3,354,318)
Capital expenses	3,381,195	3,381,195	128,611	5,882	385,568	520,061	(2,861,134)
Mandatory transfers out (in) Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	128.145	128.145	550,000 (65.082)	- (26.175)	(348,500)	550,000 (439,757)	550,000 (567,902)
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 13 748 390	\$ 13 748 390	4 453 107	363 796	1 111 893	5 928 796	\$ (7.819.593)
							1
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			1,374,174	128,569	(492,398)	1,010,345	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			10,008,696	(263,814)	647,798	10,392,680	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 11,382,870	\$ (135,245)	\$ 155,400	\$ 11,403,025	*
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables Inventory			\$ 11,382,870 5,646 716,990	\$ (135,245) 52,218 149,319	\$ 155,400 130,358	\$ 11,403,025 188,222 866,309	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 12,105,506	\$ 66,292	\$ 285,758	\$ 12,457,556	

* Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

Hutchinson Community College

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Student Service Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Actual			Variance With Final
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	;	Campus	Student	Student	Total Budgetary	Budget Over
Cash Receipts	Oliginal	E E	Atmetics	Store	Onion	Housing	Basis	(Under)
Student sources	\$ 751,866	\$ 751,866	\$ 854,575	€9	\$ 74,039	\$ 74,039	\$ 1,002,653	\$ 250,787
Filwate giits and grants Sales	557,169	537,169	210,020	1 ROE 924	1 240 706	, 440	210,020	(327,149)
Other	585,530	585,530	(548)	13,532	36,197	1,509,044 39,776	4,525,651 88,957	(2,906,263) (496,573)
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 9,306,479	\$ 9,306,479	1,064,047	1,619,353	1,421,022	1,722,859	5,827,281	\$ (3,479,198)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget								
Salaries and benefits	\$ 331,362	\$ 331,362	1	182,293	ı	ı	182 293	(149 069)
General operating	1,368,407	1,368,407	ı	64,653	109,529	532,419	706,601	_
Supplies	602,139	602,139	1 .	6,997	20,280	70,265	97,542	(504,597)
Control of color	044,483	849,483	1,063,684	•	1 1	ı	1,063,684	214,201
Cost of sales Capital expenses	7 260 574	4,915,500	l	1,041,626	747,832	1 0 7	1,789,458	(3,126,042)
Mandatory transfers out (in)	+10,002,2	4,200,014	1	9,04	5,011	114,059	128,611	(2,131,963)
Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	465,000	465,000	(70,000)	66,918	(62,000)	273,000	(65,082)	530,000 (530,082)
H	1		,					l
lotal Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 10,792,465	\$ 10,792,465	993,684	1,372,028	1,095,652	991,743	4,453,107	\$ (6,339,358)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			70,363	247,325	325,370	731,116	1,374,174	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			12,414	3,343,584	2,516,418	4,136,280	10,008,696	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 82.777	\$ 3,590,909	\$ 2.841.788	\$ 4867396	\$ 11382870	*
				į	Į.	J	5,000	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 82,777	\$ 3,590,909	\$ 2,841,788	\$ 4,867,396	\$ 11,382,870	
Receivables Inventory				5,646	1 1	1 1	5,646	
							5	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 82,777	\$ 4,313,545	\$ 2,841,788	\$ 4,867,396	\$ 12,105,506	

* Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

Hutchinson Community College

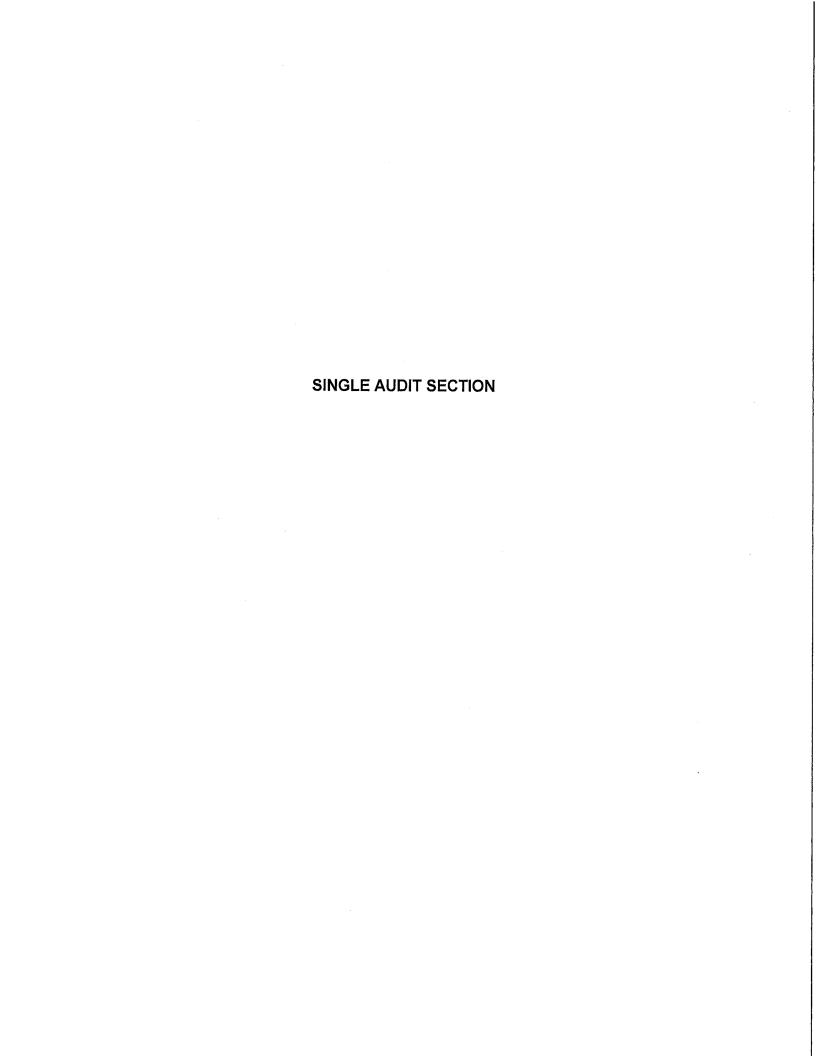
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Academic Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Central Administrative Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

					•	}	cai Lindon Carro co, 20 is	2									
										Actual	-					× ×	Variance With Final
		Ċ				l	:						; ;	(Total	ω `	Budget
		Budg Original	ered	Amounts Final	ď.	Postage	Motor	Ψ	Telephone	Copier	ا	Parking	l urtion Advance	i	Basis Basis	ָר ר	Over (Under)
<u>Cash Receipts</u> Sales Other	↔	1,542,187	187 \$	1,542,187	69	70,158	\$ 146,450	e	183,960	\$ 113,766	\$ 99/	21,996	\$ 83,136	36 \$	619,466	φ	(922,721) (17,428)
Total Cash Receipts	ω	1,559,644	644 *	1,559,644		70,158	146,479		183,960	113,766	992	21,996	83,136	98	619,495	es l	(940,149)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Salaries and benefits General operating	↔	82,507 940,539	82,507 \$ 340,539	82,507 940,539		107,352	60,081 59,895	10.0	158,729	140,926	- 926 946	1,912	418,676	- 2	60,081 887,490	€9	(22,426) (53,049)
Supplies Capital expenses		1,039,761	940 761	1,039,761		1 1	215,000		- 168,582	Ŕ		1,986	,	' ' ;	385,568		(654, 193)
Loans disbursed Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	ļ	(309,355)	ا 3 <u>2</u> 29 '	(309,355)		(26,500)	(200,000)	, a	(80,000)	(2,	(2,000)	(40,000)	4,586	 ' &	4,586 (348,500)		4,586 (39,145)
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	69	1,772,392	392 \$	1,772,392		80,852	236,729		247,311	159,841	141	(36,102)	423,262		1,111,893	69	(660,499)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures						(10,694)	(90,250)	6	(63,351)	(46,075)	075)	58,098	(340,126)	26)	(492,398)		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1						116,715	520,797		646,017	171,554	554	214,456	(1,021,741)	41)	647,798		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					69	106,021	\$ 430,547	↔	582,666	\$ 125,479	479 \$	272,554	\$ (1,361,867)	\$ (2)	155,400	*	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables					€\$	106,021	\$ 430,547	e	582,666	\$ 125,479	479 \$	272,554	\$ (1,361,867)	67) \$	155,400		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)					69	106,022	\$ 435,713	φ. 	582,666	\$ 126,339	339 \$	272,554	\$ (1,237,536)	\$ (9)	285,758		

Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Capital Outlay Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash Receipts	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Local sources Other sources	\$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 5,477,898 5,477,898	\$ 74 36,000	\$ (24,926) (5,441,898)
Transfers (in)	1,100,000 1,100,000	1,100,000	-
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 6,602,898 \$ 6,602,898	1,136,074	\$ (5,466,824)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Institutional support Capital expense	\$ - \$ - 9,346,4929,346,492	32,188 460,154	\$ 32,188 (8,886,338)
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	<u>\$ 9,346,492</u> <u>\$ 9,346,492</u>	492,342	\$ (8,854,150)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		643,732	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1		3,021,371	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30		\$ 3,665,103	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables		\$ 3,665,103	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)		\$ 3,665,103	



Hutchinson Community College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	ldentifying Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
Department of Education			
Student Financial Aid (SFA) Cluster			
Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant	84.007	P007A181519	\$ 155,576
Federal Work Study Program	84.033	P033A181519	117,137
PELL Grant	84,063	P063P180142	6,700,534
Federal Direct Student Loan	84.268	P268K190142	5,210,383
Total Student Financial Aid (SFA) Cluster			12,183,630
Passed Through Kansas Board of Regents:			
Adult Education State Grant	84.002		88,147
Vocational Education - Basic	84.048		320,770
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			12,592,547
Department of Labor			
Direct Programs:			
Mine Health and Safety 17-18	17.600	MS-31026-17-55-R-20	,
Mine Health and Safety 18-19	17.600	MS-02001-19-55-R-20	129,480
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			148,433
Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		3,585
onia ana / taak oaro / ooa / rogram	10.000		3,000
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			3,585
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Retired Senior Volunteer Program 17-18	94.002	16SRWKS008	51,742
Retired Senior Volunteer Program 18-19	94.002	19SRWKS001	18,986
TOTAL CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SEI	RVICE		70,728
	· · · · · · ·		10,120
Department of the Treasury			
Volunteer Income Tax Assistance	21.009	19VITA0007	22,845
Department of Commerce			
Passed Through Kansas Manufacturing Extension Partnership			
Mid-America Manufacturing Technology Center	11.611	70NANB17H009	124,589
Mid-America Manufacturing Technology Center	11.611	70NANB17H009	23,325
			<u> </u>
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			147,914
TOTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD	S		\$ 12,986,052
	•		ψ 12,000,002

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Hutchinson Community College of Hutchinson, Kansas, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the College.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Account Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) The College has not elected to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT **AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College Hutchinson, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit of Hutchinson Community College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hutchinson Community College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hutchinson Community College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hutchinson Community College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hutchinson Community College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct. misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hutchinson Community College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Hutchinson Community College's Response to Findings

Hutchinson Community College's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hutchinson Community College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk + Loyd, LLC Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, & Loyd, LLC

Hutchinson, Kansas

December 9, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College Hutchinson, Kansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hutchinson Community College's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (*Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The College's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk + Layd, LLC Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, and Loyd, LLC

Hutchinson, Kansas

December 9, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies related to the audit of the major federal award programs as reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

	CFDA No.
Student Financial Aid Programs:	
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033
Federal PELL Grant Program	84.063
Federal Direct Student Loan Program	84.268

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B program was \$750,000.
- 9. Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

There were no reportable findings for the year ended June 30, 2019.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS--MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

Student Financial Aid Programs

Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant, CFDA No. 84.007. Federal Work-Study Program CFDA No. 84.033. Federal Pell Grant Program CFDA No. 84.063. Federal Direct Student Loan Program CFDA No. 84.268.

No findings noted for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



1300 North Plum Hutchinson, KS 67501-5894 1-888-GOHUTCH www.hutchcc.edu

FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2017-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - CAPITAL ASSETS

Condition: The College's current capital asset policies and procedures do not allow for management to maintain an efficient, effective, or accurate capital asset records system.

Recommendation: We recommend that a committee of various key people involved in tracking the capital assets be formed to review processes, procedures, and policies regarding capital assets and then also implement the committee's decisions College-wide. This will give the various departments and employees some buy-in to the policies and procedures of the College as well as spread the responsibility of enforcing the policies and procedures to more people, not just the Business Office. It should also help facilitate the awareness and compliance with these policies and procedure.

Current Status: The recommended procedures were implemented. Testing in current year did not result in a remaining significant deficiency. We consider this point closed.