# **Hutchinson Community College**

Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2016

# **Hutchinson Community College**

# June 30, 2016

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Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College** Hutchinson, Kansas

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Hutchinson Community College (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the College, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position. and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, other post employment benefits and pension information on pages 3-11 and 33-36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. Individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2016, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, & Loyd, LLC

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk & Loyd, U.C.

December 2, 2016

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Introduction:

Hutchinson Cornmunity College is proud to present its financial statements for the fiscal year 2016. The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of Hutchinson Community College (The College) is to provide an introduction to and an understanding of the basic financial statements of the College for the year ended June 30, 2016, with selected comparative information for the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015. This discussion focuses on the current activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and the footnotes to those financial statements. The College is solely responsible for the completeness and accuracy of this information.

# **Using the Annual Report:**

Beginning with the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, GASB 34 required a change in the way financial information is presented for state and local governments. GASB 35 merely amended GASB 34 and made it applicable to public colleges and universities. The purpose of GASB 34/35 is to make the financial statement presentation of public entities more closely resemble or emulate that of non-public, for-profit enterprises. The hope is that it will "enhance the understandability of the general purpose external financial reports." One way the new model will enhance understandability is by bringing the activities under one consolidated total known as the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The method is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the costs of various College services. The annual financial report will include the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. An additional requirement of GASB 34/35 is the presentation of component units. Further information on the component units are available upon request from the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association and the Quest Center.

#### Basic financial statements are comprised of two parts:

- Basic Financial Statements These include Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and Statement of Cash Flows. These statements present the results of a single measurement focus and basis of accounting.
  - a. The Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the College. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources (short-term expendable resources) with capital assets.
  - b. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on both the gross costs and the net costs of College activities which are supported mainly by property taxes, state revenues and tuition.
  - c. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash disbursements of the College during the fiscal period.

2. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral and essential portion of the financial statements.

# Required Supplementary Information:

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Other Post Employment Benefits, and Pension Schedules - This is information required by standards to be presented but is not part of the basic financial statements.

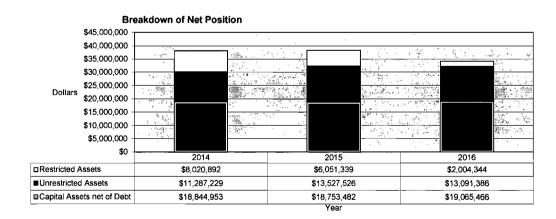
# **Highlights to the Financial Statements:**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

# Comparison Net Position - Fiscal Year 2014, 2015, and 2016

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflow of resources (deferred outflows), liabilities, deferred inflow of resources (deferred inflows) and net position of the College as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Net Position is a point of time financial statement. The purpose of the Statement of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the College. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning Assets (current and noncurrent), Deferred Outflows, Liabilities (current and noncurrent), Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Assets and Deferred Outflows minus Liabilities and Deferred Inflows). The difference between current and noncurrent assets is as follows: current assets are those assets that are expected to be used or consumed within one year. Noncurrent assets are those assets that are expected to provide value for greater than one year.

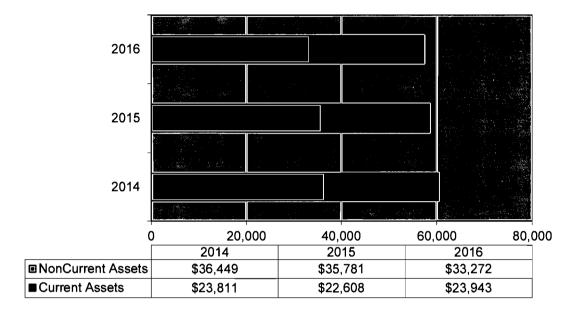
Net assets decreased during the current fiscal year 2016 from \$38,153,074 in 2014 and \$38,332,347 in 2015 to \$34,161,196 for a decrease of \$4,171,151.



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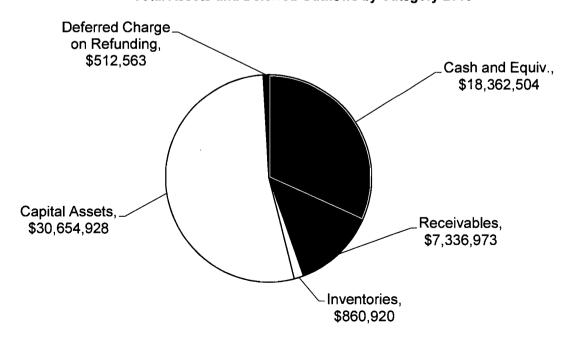
Total breakdown of assets between current and noncurrent classification for 2014 through 2016 is as follows:

**Total Assets 2014-2016** 



Dollars (000)

# **Total Assets and Deferred Outflows by Category 2016**



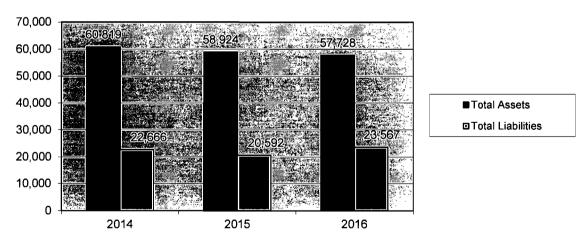
Of the \$57,727,888 in total assets and deferred outflows, approximately 31.8% are in cash and cash equivalents and capital assets represent 53.1% of total assets.

# Comparison of Liabilities

		% Total		% Total		% Total
	2014	2014	2015	2015	2016	2016
Current Liabilities	\$ 7,250,470	31.99%	\$ 6,705,986	32.57%	\$ 6,102,164	25.89%
Noncurrent Liabilities	15,415,175	68.01%	13,885,939	67.43%	17,464,528	74.11%
Total Liabilities	\$22,665,645	100.00%	\$20,591,925	100.00%	\$23,566,692	100.00%

Noncurrent liabilities in 2016 include, but are not limited to, certificates of participation related to student housing, lease payments which are a result of the college entering into an Energy Conservation Measures lease with Honeywell, Inc., and payments due to the City of Hutchinson for the renovation of the Hutchinson Sports Arena, a facility which the College occupies for use in its athletic programs. Current liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposits held in custody for others, and the current portion of the certificates of participation.

# Comparison of Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows 2014-2016 (in 000)



Total liabilities and deferred inflows increased from \$22,665,645 in 2014 to \$20,591,925 in 2015 to \$23,566,692 in 2016. Assets and deferred outflows decreased from \$60,818,719 in 2014 to 58,924,272 in 2015 to \$57,727,888 in 2016. The asset to liability ratio (total assets/total liabilities) was 2.68 in 2014, 2.86 in 2015 and 2.45 in 2016.

Results of Operations Fiscal Year 2016

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the revenues received by the institution, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the institution, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the institution.

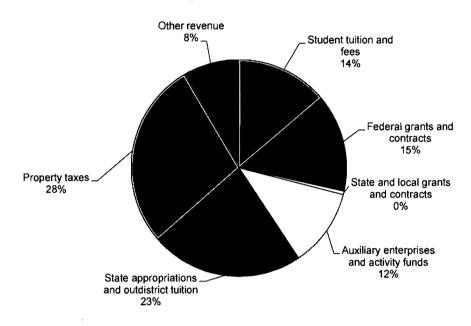
Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the institution. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the institution. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, state appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the legislature to the institution without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

# Revenue

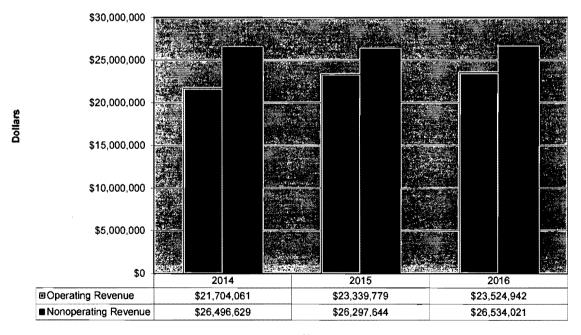
The College receives revenue from a number of sources. In broad terms, they are: the State of Kansas, the Federal Government, students--in the form of tuition and fees, local taxpayers--by way of property taxes, business style auxiliary enterprises, and private gifts and grants. These sources are relatively stable from year to year as a percentage of the total.

Source	2014	% Total 2014	2015	% Total 2015	2016	% Total 2016
Student tuition and fees	\$ 6,405,835	13.29%	\$ 6,787,896	13.67%	\$ 6,899,396	13.78%
Federal grants and contracts	8,089,472	16.78%	7,925,343	15.97%	7,334,815	14.65%
State and local grants and contracts	576,401	1.20%	313,680	0.63%	271,691	0.54%
Auxiliary enterprises and activity funds	6,286,195	13.04%	6,338,273	12.77%	5,847,907	11.68%
State appropriations and outdistrict tuition	11,698,838	24.27%	11,467,417	23.10%	11,454,319	22.88%
Property taxes	13,741,753	28.51%	13,631,742	27.46%	14,006,127	27.98%
Other revenue	1,402,196	2.91%	3,173,072	6.39%	4,245,008	8.48%
Total revenue	\$ 48,200,690	100.00%	\$ 49,637,423	100.00%	\$ 50,059,263	100.00%

# Percentage of Revenue by Source 2016



Total Revenue Breakdown 2014- 2016



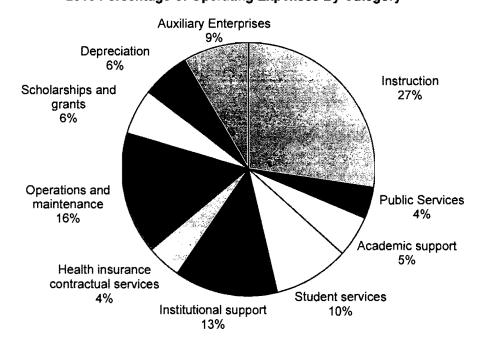
Years

# **Expenses**

Detail of the 2014 through 2016 education, general, and auxiliary enterprise operating and nonoperating expenditures:

	% Total		% Total		% Total
2014	2014	2015	2015	2016	2016
\$14,476,737	30.76%	\$14,656,568	29.63%	\$14,708,295	27.12%
2,107,781	4.48%	2,150,524	4.35%	2,166,361	3.99%
2,400,988	5.10%	2,627,305	5.31%	2,831,743	5.22%
4,802,295	10.20%	5,129,865	10.37%	5,191,193	9.57%
6,687,675	14.21%	6,693,818	13.53%	7,101,272	13.09%
-	0.00%	1,603,106	3.24%	2,373,933	4.38%
3,624,513	7.70%	4,367,708	8.83%	8,392,632	15.48%
3,652,834	7.76%	3,514,397	7.11%	3,183,814	5.87%
3,486,655	7.41%	3,326,038	6.72%	3,271,241	6.03%
5,292,393	11.25%	4,853,435	9.81%	4,543,915	8.38%
46,531,871	98.87%	48,922,764	98.92%	53,764,399	99.14%
521,515	1.11%	524,161	1.06%	466,015	0.86%
10,750	0.02%	11,226	0.02%	-	0.00%
-		-		-	***************************************
532,265	1.13%	535,387	1.08%	466,015	0.86%
\$47,064,136	100.00%	\$49,458,151	100.00%	\$54,230,414	100.00%
	\$14,476,737 2,107,781 2,400,988 4,802,295 6,687,675 - 3,624,513 3,652,834 3,486,655 5,292,393 46,531,871 521,515 10,750 - 532,265	\$14,476,737 30.76% 2,107,781 4.48% 2,400,988 5.10% 4,802,295 10.20% 6,687,675 14.21% - 0.00% 3,624,513 7.70% 3,652,834 7.76% 3,486,655 7.41% 5,292,393 11.25% 46,531,871 98.87% 521,515 1.11% 10,750 0.02% - 532,265 1.13%	2014       2014       2015         \$14,476,737       30.76%       \$14,656,568         2,107,781       4.48%       2,150,524         2,400,988       5.10%       2,627,305         4,802,295       10.20%       5,129,865         6,687,675       14.21%       6,693,818         -       0.00%       1,603,106         3,624,513       7.70%       4,367,708         3,652,834       7.76%       3,514,397         3,486,655       7.41%       3,326,038         5,292,393       11.25%       4,853,435         46,531,871       98.87%       48,922,764         521,515       1.11%       524,161         10,750       0.02%       11,226         -       -       -         532,265       1.13%       535,387	2014         2014         2015         2015           \$14,476,737         30.76%         \$14,656,568         29.63%           2,107,781         4.48%         2,150,524         4.35%           2,400,988         5.10%         2,627,305         5.31%           4,802,295         10.20%         5,129,865         10.37%           6,687,675         14.21%         6,693,818         13.53%           -         0.00%         1,603,106         3.24%           3,624,513         7.70%         4,367,708         8.83%           3,652,834         7.76%         3,514,397         7.11%           3,486,655         7.41%         3,326,038         6.72%           5,292,393         11.25%         4,853,435         9.81%           46,531,871         98.87%         48,922,764         98.92%           521,515         1.11%         524,161         1.06%           10,750         0.02%         11,226         0.02%           -         -         -         -           532,265         1.13%         535,387         1.08%	2014         2014         2015         2015         2016           \$14,476,737         30.76%         \$14,656,568         29.63%         \$14,708,295           2,107,781         4.48%         2,150,524         4.35%         2,166,361           2,400,988         5.10%         2,627,305         5.31%         2,831,743           4,802,295         10.20%         5,129,865         10.37%         5,191,193           6,687,675         14.21%         6,693,818         13.53%         7,101,272           -         0.00%         1,603,106         3.24%         2,373,933           3,624,513         7.70%         4,367,708         8.83%         8,392,632           3,652,834         7.76%         3,514,397         7.11%         3,183,814           3,486,655         7.41%         3,326,038         6.72%         3,271,241           5,292,393         11.25%         4,853,435         9.81%         4,543,915           46,531,871         98.87%         48,922,764         98.92%         53,764,399           521,515         1.11%         524,161         1.06%         466,015           10,750         0.02%         11,226         0.02%         -           532,26

# 2016 Percentage of Operating Expenses By Category



#### Statement of Cash Flows

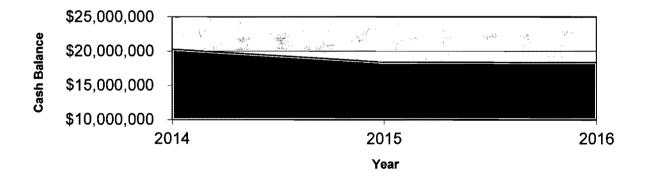
The final statement presented by the College is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the institution during the year.

The statement is divided into five sections. The first section deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used in the operating activities of the institution. The second section reflects cash flows from non-capital financing activities. This section includes the cash received and spent from state and local appropriations and private gifts. The third section reflects the cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth section deals with cash flows from investing activities and shows the interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

# **Summary Statement of Cash Flows information**

	2014	2015	2016
Net Cash Provided (used) by:			
Operating Activities	(19,388,073)	(21, 391, 172)	(21,540,638)
Noncapital financing activities	23,959,996	23,720,320	23,941,619
Capital and related financing activities	(3,658,799)	(4,253,814)	(2,465,828)
Investing activities	14,604	21,684	20,892
Net Change in Cash	927,728	(1,902,982)	(43,955)
Cash Beginning of year	19,381,713	20,309,441	18,406,459
Cash end of year	20,309,441	18,406,459	18,362,504

End of Year Cash 2014-2016



#### Summary of Overall Performance

The College completed another solid performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Its financial condition continues to be strong. Cash balances are about equal to fiscal year 2015 balances. Combined operating and nonoperating revenue for 2016 were very comparable to the same measures in 2014 and 2015. Operating expenditures were up slightly higher than usual due to the College entering into an operating agreement with the City of Hutchinson. Enrollment continues to remain steady for the college year over year. Auxiliary enterprises also continued to perform well during the fiscal year under review. Considering the slight downturn experienced in state appropriations, this fiscal year's performance demonstrates the agility and resiliency of Hutchinson Community College.

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt Activities:

The College purchased three properties in fiscal year 2016 for the purpose of furthering its master plan. One of the properties was converted into green space. At present, the other two properties provide rental income to the College.

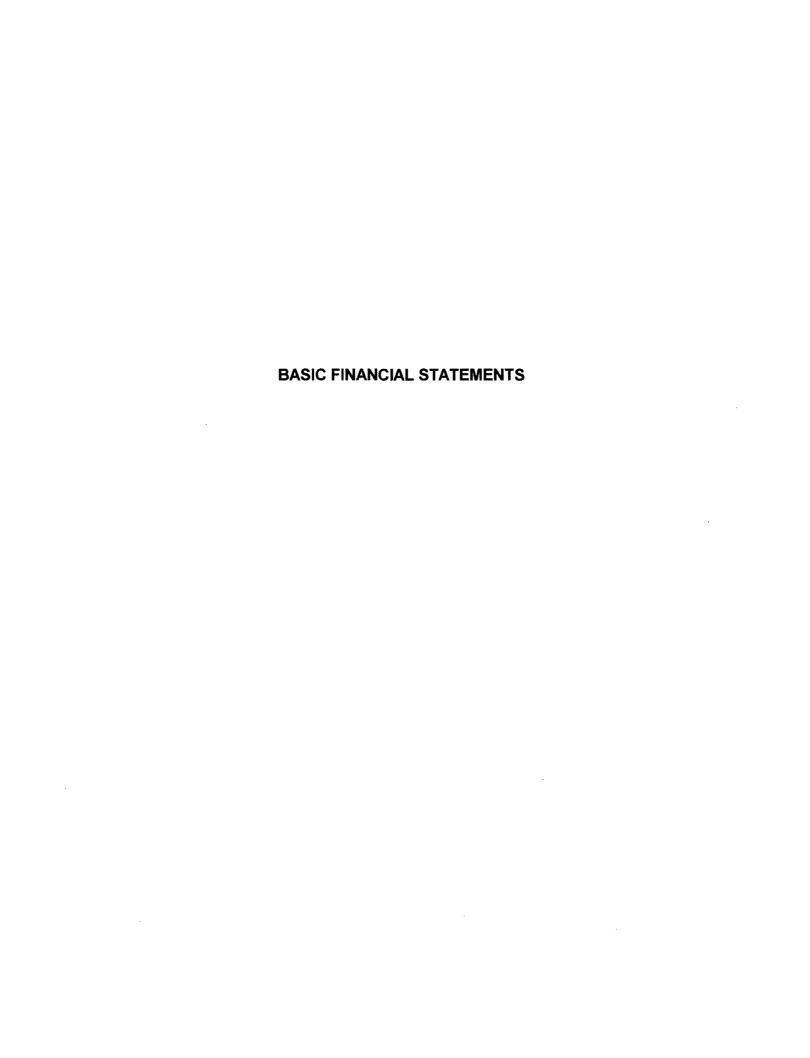
In June 2015, the College began a three phase renovation of the institution's oldest and most recognized building, Lockman Hall. The first phase was renovation of the second floor which houses class rooms and faculty offices and was completed in the fall of 2015. The second phase was renovation of the first floor and it was completed in fiscal year 2016. Phases one and two included new décor and furniture and improved lighting. The third phase is expected to begin in the summer of 2017. This was again a busy and exciting year for Hutchinson Community College facility improvement.

The Hutchinson Sports Arena, built in 1952 and owned by the City of Hutchison, is the primary athletic facility for the College. The Arena houses most of the athletic staff offices, provides facilities for practicing and conditioning, and serves as the College's home court for volleyball and basketball. In April 2015, the citizens of Hutchinson voted to approve a \$30 million renovation of the Arena. The College, in accordance with its mission of collaboration, entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Hutchinson to provide \$4.5 million in funding over a ten year period and continue to oversee the day to day operations of the Arena.

In January 2016, the College established a cosmetology program and entered into a six year operating lease with Mr. Bill Wyer, owner of the former Sidney's Hairdressing College, for use of his facility and the purchase of his equipment. The new cosmetology program offers both a technical certificate and an Associate of Applied Science degree. Completers of the program are eligible for state licensure with the Kansas Board of Cosmetology.

Even amid the turmoil and uncertainty facing the college, due in part to the State of Kansas' economic situation, the future continues to be positive for Hutchinson Community College. The College's student centered, service oriented approach to community college education continues to pay the dividend of strong credit enrollment. The market driven business and industry noncredit offerings continue to grow and expand as the College serves the needs of that segment of the market. Hutchinson Community College is truly striving to be the premier, two-year educational institution in Kansas and continues to expand its tradition of excellence through learning and collaboration.

Julie A. Blanton Vice President of Finance and Operations



# Hutchinson Community College Statements of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Hutchinson Community College	Component Unit HCC Endowment	Component Unit Quest Center
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,362,504	\$ 701,187	•
Investments Receivables - federal and state grants and contracts	3,675,547	6,223,197	50,287
Receivables - students (net of allowance of \$258,500)	902,327		-
Receivables - health insurance	47,261		-
Receivables - other	95,028	6,075	216
Inventories	860,920	0.000.450	
Total current assets	23,943,587	6,930,459	94,346
Noncurrent Assets Investments		5,789,460	_
Receivables - students (net of allowance of \$2,026,500)	2,616,810	5,769,460	-
Receivables - other	= -	498,784	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	30,654,928	-	-
Beneficial interest in trusts	-	1,596,669	<u>-</u>
Other		7.004.040	219,681
Total noncurrent assets	33,271,738	7,884,913	219,681
TOTAL ASSETS	57,215,325	14,815,372	314,027
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	512,563	-	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	512,563	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 57,727,888	\$ 14,815,372	\$ 314,027
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 744,695	\$ 17,971	\$ -
Medical claims payable	388,498	-	-
Deposits held in custody for others	2,842,828	•	-
Unearned revenue Accrued interest payable	91,568	-	-
Compensated absences payable	152,917 376,117	-	
Early retirement benefits payable	145,061	-	-
Capital lease obligations	630,886	-	-
Loan payable - Kansas Board of Regents	522,315	-	-
Certificates of Participation	207,279	47.074	-
Total current liabilities	6,102,164	17,971	
Noncurrent Liabilities	00.494		
Compensated absences payable Early retirement benefits payable	99,484 130,547	-	-
Other postemployment benefits payable	1,079,632	_	-
Net pension liabilities	391,006	-	-
Capital lease obligations	5,361,009	-	-
Certificates of Participation	5,902,850	-	-
Sports Arena payable Other liabilities	4,500,000	-	15,835
Total noncurrent liabilities	17,464,528		15,835
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,566,692	17,971	15,835
	23,360,692	17,971	15,633
NET POSITION	40.005.400		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	19,065,466	-	-
Nonexpendable - endowments		7,506,535	-
Expendable:		7,000,000	
Endowment activity	-	7,290,866	-
Capital outlay	2,234,440	•	-
Restricted funds	(570,170)	-	-
Health insurance	340,074	-	200 400
Unrestricted	13,091,386	4 707 404	298,192
Total net position	34,161,196	14,797,401	298,192
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 57,727,888	<u>\$ 14,815,372</u>	\$ 314,027

# Hutchinson Community College Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		itchinson unity College	Component Unit HCC Endowment	Component Unit Quest Center	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Student tuition and fees	\$	10,173,042	\$ -	\$	-
Less allowances for institutional scholarships		(68,934)	-		-
Less allowances for federal grants		(3,204,712)			
Net student source revenue		6,899,396	-		-
Federal sources		7,334,815	-		-
State sources		162,941	-		-
County sources		19,500	-		65,000
Local sources		89,250	-		-
Auxiliary enterprises:		4 662 626			
Residential life (net of scholarship allowances of \$0 for 2016)  Campus store (net of sales discounts of \$402,576 for 2016)		1,663,929	-		-
Union		1,817,257 1,383,959	-		-
Other auxiliary enterprises		982,762	-		-
Private gifts and grants		21,566	_		_
Health insurance charges for services		2,850,333	_		_
Other operating revenues		299,234	380,248		995
Total operating revenues		23,524,942	380,248		65,995
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Educational and General:					
Instruction		14,708,295	-		-
Public service		2,166,361	•		-
Academic support		2,831,743	-		-
Student services		5,191,193	-		
Institutional support		4,792,945	1,476,700		76,985
KPERS contribution paid directly by the State of Kansas		2,308,327	-		-
Health insurance contractual services		2,373,933	-		-
Operations and maintenance of plant		8,392,632	-		-
Depreciation and amortization		3,271,241	-		-
Scholarships and grants Auxiliary Enterprises:		3,183,814	-		-
Residential life		705,004			_
Campus store		1,501,370	_		_
Union		847,452	_		_
Other auxiliary enterprises		1,490,089	-		_
Total operating expenses	***************************************	53,764,399	1,476,700	***************************************	76,985
Operating income (loss)		(30,239,457)	(1,096,452)		(10,990)
Operating moonie (1055)		(30,233,431)	(1,030,432)		(10,990)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
State appropriations		9,145,992	-		-
State contribution directly to the KPERS retirement system		2,308,327	-		-
Local sources		14,006,127	4.040.000		-
Private grants and gifts		789,500	1,313,638		(0.040)
Investment income		20,892	(154,117)		(3,948)
Interest on capital asset-related debt		(466,015)	4.450.504		(0.040)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		25,804,823	1,159,521		(3,948)
Income(loss) before other revenues Capital grants and gifts		(4,434,634) 263,483	63,069		(14,938) 
Net increase (decrease) in net position		(4,171,151)	63,069		(14,938)
NET POSITION					
Net position - beginning of year		38,332,347	14,734,332	·	313,130
Net position - end of year	\$	34,161,196	\$ 14,797,401	\$	298,192

# Hutchinson Community College Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Student tuition and fees	\$	6,415,309
Grants and contracts	•	13,266,427
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises		5,847,907
Private gifts and grants		21,566
Health insurance charges for services		2,849,049
Other receipts		459,078
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits		(24,182,490)
Payments to suppliers		(18,721,410)
Loans issued to students	_	(7,496,074)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(21,5 <u>40,638</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations		9,145,992
County and local appropriations		14,006,127
Private gifts and grants	_	789,500
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	23,941,619
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets		(452,074)
Proceeds from debt		36,000
Principal paid on debt and capital lease		(1,845,931)
Interest paid on debt and capital lease		(467,306)
Capital gifts and grants		263,483
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	_	(2,465,828)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		20,892
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		20,892
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(43,955)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		18,406,459
		<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	18,362,504
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO		
NET CASH PROVICED (USED) IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	
Operating loss	\$	(30,239,457)
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,271,241
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(0.057.730)
Receivables, net		(2,057,730)
Inventories		388,714
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Sports Arena		(151,284) 4,500,000
Sports Arena Unearned revenue		10,333
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		(23,299)
Accrued employee benefits		416,799
Deposits held in custody for others		35,718
Employee benefits paid directly by State of Kansas		2,308,327
	<del>_</del>	
Net cash Provieded (used) in operating activities	<u> </u>	(21,540,638)

# **Hutchinson Community College**

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2016

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Hutchinson Community College (the College) is a public, two-year post-secondary educational institution, organized under the laws of the State of Kansas, and is governed by an elected Board of Trustees. It was established in 1928 to meet the diverse educational needs and interests of the citizens of Reno, Harvey, McPherson, Rice Counties, and adjacent areas, as well as residents from other localities who choose to attend.

The accounting and reporting policies of the College relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

# (a) Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. It is governed by a Board of Trustees elected by the voters of Reno County, Kansas. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the College (the primary government) and its discretely presented component units. The component units discussed below are included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of their financial relationship with the College. The financial data of the College's component units are discretely presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is a legally separate entity.

Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association (Endowment) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Endowment acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Endowment, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Endowment holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Endowment can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Endowment is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements. For financial reporting purposes only, the Endowment's statements of financial position and activities are included in the College's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities.

For financial reporting purposes, the Endowment follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) which establish the financial reporting standards for all nonprofit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. With the exception of necessary presentation adjustments, no modifications have been made to the Endowment's financial information. Complete financial statements for the Endowment can be obtained from the Endowment's business office.

The Quest Center is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Quest Center acts primarily as a not-for-profit organization that houses loans for small business entrepreneurship venture activities. They also provide consulting, planning, and patent services. The College has access to the Quest Center's resources for educational services to provide to its students. The College processes the Quest Center's daily operating expenditures. The activity on the books for the Quest Center is for loan servicing activities. The Quest Center directly services certain loans and acts as the third party servicer for loans provided through the Kansas Center for Entrepreneurs.

### (a) Reporting Entity (Cont.)

Because of the financial benefit that the Quest Center provides the College through its educational resources, and the financial burden that is generated through the College's processing of the Quest Center's operational expenses, the Quest Center is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements. For financial reporting purposes only, the Quest Center's statements of financial position and activities are included in the College's financial statements as required by generally accepted accounting principles for public colleges and universities.

For financial reporting purposes, the Quest Center follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) which establish the financial reporting standards for all nonprofit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. With the exception of necessary presentation adjustments, no modifications have been made to the Quest Center's financial information. Complete financial statements for the Quest Center can be obtained from the College's business office.

#### (b) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the College are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes; federal, state, and local grants; state appropriations, and other contributions. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. State appropriations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the appropriation is first made available for use. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The College does not present budgetary comparison information in the basic financial statements or as required supplemental information. This is because the College reports as a business-type activity and does not have the reporting requirements related to major funds. The College does present budgetary comparison information in the supplementary information to these financial statements.

#### (c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

#### Deposits and Investments

Kansas Statute (KSA) 12-1675 authorizes the College to invest monies in time deposits, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements consisting of obligations insured by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, U.S. Treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding two years, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Cash resources of the individual funds (except for any proceeds of revenue bonds, which are separately invested) are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments that are managed by the College. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits. Interest income earned is allocated to various funds based upon statutory guidelines.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the College considers all investments with original maturities of one year or less to be cash equivalents.

#### (c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fees charged to students, amounts due from the federal, state, and local governments in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenses made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts, and other receivables. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

#### Inventories

Inventories of the campus store are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined principally on the basis of average cost. Campus store inventories consist of books, clothing, and supplies. Inventories have been adjusted for obsolete merchandise. They are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventory of educational activities are valued at the estimated sales price less selling costs which is in accordance with established industry practices. Inventory relates to crops, livestock, and ag diesel mechanics.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or their estimated fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than three years. Renovations to buildings and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Depreciation is computed on assets having a value of more than \$5,000 using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is not allocated to the various functions of the College but is reported separately on these financial statements. The amortization expense of equipment under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

Estimated useful lives used for calculating depreciation are as follows:

Land improvements – 10 to 15 years Buildings – 15 to 40 years Furniture – 10 years Equipment – 5 to 7 years

#### **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition, fees, and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year, but related to the subsequent accounting periods. Unearned revenue may also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Federal programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

# (c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

#### Compensated Absences Payable

Employee vacation and sick leave pay is accrued at year end for financial statement purposes. The liability is recorded in the statement of net position and a related expense is recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The amount for vacation payable is based on leave earned, but not taken. Employees are allowed to carry over a limited number of vacation days from year to year.

Unused sick leave is accumulated up to a specified maximum number of days. Upon separation from the College, the compensation is based upon a pre-determined daily dollar amount multiplied by the number of accumulated sick days.

#### Medical Claims Payable

The medical claims payable relates to the College's self-insured health care program and includes reported, as well as incurred but not reported, medical claims. These are expected to be fully paid within one year of the financial statement date.

#### **Noncurrent Liabilities**

Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of certificates of participation payable, related premiums and discounts, loans payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year; and (2) estimated amounts for the early retirement benefits, compensated absences, other post employment benefits and net pension liabilities not anticipated to be paid within the next fiscal year.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The College only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or original debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflow of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### (c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

#### **Net Position**

The College's net positions are classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – nonexpendable – Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted net position – expendable – Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position – Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the College will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the College's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) most federal, state and local grants and contracts.

Nonoperating revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources such as state and county appropriations and investment income.

#### **Property Tax Information**

The County Appraiser is responsible for assessment of all taxable property within Reno County. The County Clerk computes the annual tax and issues the tax bills to all taxpayers. Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer, who remits to the College its respective share of the tax collections. Property taxes become a lien against all property on November 1st. Taxpayers have the option of paying in full, or in two installments. The installment dates are December 20 and May 10.

#### (c) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Cont.)

#### Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship allowances are the differences between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as PELL, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship allowance.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during that reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### (a) Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds, and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding fiscal year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The College's legal level of budget control is at the fund level. Kansas statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

Kansas statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting. Regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments for future payment and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are not re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget but are carried forward until liquidated or canceled. Accordingly, the data presented in the budgetary comparison schedules differs from the data presented in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The reconciliations are presented on the face of the budgetary comparison schedules.

# 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Cont.)

#### (a) Budgetary Information (Cont.)

A legal operating budget is not required for current restricted funds, capital project funds, trust funds, and some special revenue funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

#### (b) Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1113)

Kansas municipalities are subject to the cash-basis law as stated in KSA 10-1113. Some sub-funds of the Restricted Funds have a negative unencumbered cash balance at June 30, 2016, which is allowable under KSA 12-1663. This fund will be reimbursed from federal grants, state grants, and other contracts for expenditures already incurred by the College in the following fiscal year. This combined receivable has been recognized for GAAP purposes on these financial statements.

# 3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the College had cash and cash equivalents as listed below:

Deposits in financial banking institutions \$ 14,362,504
Certificates of deposit 4,000,000

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 18,362,504

The College did not have any activity in investment-type assets.

The College's policies relating to deposits and investments are governed by various Kansas Statutes (KSA). Those statutes specify the type of deposits and investments as well as the securing of those deposits and investments.

Interest rate risk — Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with KSA 12-1675, the College manages its exposure to interest rate fluctuations by limiting all time investments to maturities of less than two years.

Credit risk – State law limits the amount of credit risk by restricting governments to specific investment types as listed in KSA 12-1675. The College's practice is to place idle funds in certificates of deposits, United States obligations, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP). The KMIP was rated AAAf/S1+ by Standard & Poor's as of March, 2016. The KMIP is permitted to invest in fully collateralized certificates of deposit, certain obligations of the United States, certain repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements, and other types of investments. The fair value of the investments in the pool are the same as the value of the pool shares. The KMIP is managed by the Pool Investment Board of which four members are appointed by the Governor of the State of Kansas.

Custodial credit risk — The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. KSA 9-1402 and 9-1405 requires that governments obtain security for all deposits. The College manages its custodial credit risk by requiring the financial institutions to grant a security interest in securities held by third-party custodial banks. Monies in the KMIP are not required to have pledged securities. As of June 30, 2016, the College was not exposed to custodial credit risk with its deposits or investments.

# 3. Deposits and Investments (Cont.)

Concentration of credit risk – This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The College manages this risk by placing funds with financial institutions only after contacting all eligible institutions in the taxing area and by the fact that the monies in the KMIP are diverse according to the policies of the investment pool.

Component unit – Investments of the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association consists of mutual funds, treasury obligations, certificates of deposits, and other investments. These investments are managed by the Finance Committee of the Endowment Association. These types of investments are not regulated by Kansas statutes. These investments are subject to all normal market risks.

# 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 153,414	\$ 42,274	\$ -	\$ 195,688
Books and films	1,088,964	-		1,088,964
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,242,378	42,274		1,284,652
Depreciable capital assets:				
Improvements	2,911,443	-	-	2,911,443
Buildings	49,632,795	155,181	-	49,787,976
Equipment	17,166,251	254,618	(39,395)	<u>17,381,474</u>
Total depreciable capital assets	69,710,489	409,799	(39,395)	70,080,893
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Improvements	(1,677,825)	(153,499)	-	(1,831,324)
Buildings	(21,387,253)	(1,726,979)	-	(23,114,232)
Equipment	(14,434,713)	(1,369,743)	39,395	(15,765,061)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,499,791)	(3,250,221)	39,395	(40,710,617)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 33,453,076	\$ (2,798,148)	\$ -	\$ 30,654,928

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 is \$3,250,221.

# 5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Payments/ leductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion
Certificates of Participation		6,255,000	\$	-	\$	(195,000)	\$	6,060,000	\$	205,000
Premium on Certificates	·	52,408	•	-	•	(2,279)	•	50,129	•	2,279
Board of Regents PEI loan		1,542,039		-		(1,019,724)		522,315		522,315
Sports Arena		-		4,500,000		-		4,500,000		-
Capital lease obligations		6,587,103		36,000		(631,208)		5,991,895		630,886
Compensated absences		432,775		68,936		(26,110)		475,601		376,117
Early retirement benefits		376,850		78,460		(179,702)		275,608		145,061
Post employment healthcare		995,423		84,209		-		1,079,632		-
Net pension liability		-		391,006		_		391,006	_	
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 1</u>	6,241,598	\$	5,158,611	\$	(2,054,023)	\$	19,346,186	\$	1,881,658

# 5. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont.)

The Certificates of Participation and the Sports Arena will be liquidated by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund. The Board of Regents loan will be paid through the Capital Outlay Fund. The capital lease obligations are liquidated through the Central Administrative Funds and the General Fund. The compensated absences, early retirement benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and the pension benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund.

#### (a) Certificates of Participation

The College issued Certificates of Participation Series 2012. The original issue amount was \$6,650,000, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$205,000 to \$375,000 through year 2038. Interest rates vary from 2.00% to 4.00%.

The annual debt service requirements for the certificates of participation are as follows:

_				-	Total
\$	205,000	\$	186,303	\$	391,303
	210,000		182,153		392,153
	215,000		177,903		392,903
	220,000		173,553		393,553
	225,000		167,978		392,978
	1,230,000		742,540		1,972,540
	1,425,000		560,369		1,985,369
	1,665,000		300,588		1,965,588
	665,000		24,900		689,900
¢	6 060 000	¢	2 516 284	¢	8,576,284
		215,000 220,000 225,000 1,230,000 1,425,000 1,665,000	215,000 220,000 225,000 1,230,000 1,425,000 1,665,000	215,000 177,903 220,000 173,553 225,000 167,978 1,230,000 742,540 1,425,000 560,369 1,665,000 300,588 665,000 24,900	215,000 177,903 220,000 173,553 225,000 167,978 1,230,000 742,540 1,425,000 560,369 1,665,000 300,588 665,000 24,900

#### (b) Kansas Board of Regents PEI Loan

The College entered into a loan with the Kansas Board of Regents to finance the costs of certain infrastructure improvement bonds. The original loan amount was \$8,157,790, due in annual principal installments of \$1,019,724 through year 2016 and a final payment of \$522,315 in year 2017. Interest rate is 0%. The College has elected to not impute interest based on guidance in the GASB Comprehensive Implementation Guide.

The remaining debt service requirement for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending	Principal			erest	 Total
6/30/2017	\$	522,315	\$	-	\$ 522,315

# (c) Sports Arena

The College entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Hutchinson to help finance the cost of construction and funding improvements to the Hutchinson Sports Arena. The original agreement amount was \$4,500,000, due in annual installments ranging from \$250,000 to \$500,000 through year 2027. Interest rate is 0% The College has elected to not impute interest based on guidance in the GASB Comprehensive Implementation Guide.

# 5. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont.)

#### (c) Sports Arena (Cont.)

The annual debt service requirements for the sports arena are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal	Interest	 Total
6/30/2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6/30/2018	250,000	-	250,000
6/30/2019	500,000	-	500,000
6/30/2020	500,000	-	500,000
6/30/2021	500,000	-	500,000
6/30/22 - 6/30/26	2,500,000	-	2,500,000
6/30/27 - 6/30/31	250,000		 250,000
Total	<u>\$ 4,500,000</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 4,500,000

#### (d) Capital Lease Obligations

The College has entered into various lease agreements for financing the acquisition of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been reported at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The equipment totaled \$215,204 and is included in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The College has a lease agreement with the Educational Facilities Authority of Reno County for Gowans Stadium. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been reported at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The construction and equipment totaled \$1,196,200 and is included in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The College also has a lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been reported at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The construction and future equipment totaled \$7,180,000 and is included as an asset in the capital assets of the College. The amortization of this equipment has been included in the College's depreciation expense.

The annual debt service requirements for capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending		Principal		Interest	Total		
6/30/2017	\$	630,886	\$	274,282	\$	905,168	
6/30/2018		433,478		251,162		684,640	
6/30/2019		355,588		231,531		587,119	
6/30/2020		368,456		214,645		583,101	
6/30/2021		390,492		197,630		588,122	
6/30/22 - 6/30/26		2,341,457		690,995		3,032,452	
6/30/27 - 6/30/31	***************************************	1,471,539		122,856		1,594,395	
Total	<u>\$</u>	5,991,896	\$	1,983,101	\$	7,974,997	

# 5. Long-Term Liabilities (Cont.)

#### (e) Early Retirement Benefit Plan

At the discretion of the Board of Trustees, the College offers a voluntary early retirement plan to eligible employees. Employees must have completed at least 15 years of full-time and continuous service with the College and must be eligible to receive unreduced KPERS retirement benefits. Benefits apply for a maximum of 38 months, or until the employee is eligible for full social security benefits, whichever occurs first. This benefit program is unfunded and current costs are paid by the General Fund and the Postsecondary Technical Education Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the College paid \$206,658 in benefits. The liability for the early retirement benefit plan includes the expected cash outflows discounted at a range of 1.625% to 3.250%. At year end, there were 29 retirees receiving benefits.

# 6. Operating Lease

The College leases 200 E. Third Ave., Hutchinson, KS for the purpose of operating Sidney's Hairdressing College. The operating lease term is through December 31, 2021. Expenses for the year ending June 30, 2016, were \$24,500.

The College leases Toro utility vehicles. The operating lease term is through May 1, 2018. Expenses for the year ending June 30, 2016, were \$4,340.

The future minimum lease payments for operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Total
6/30/2017	\$ 46,735
6/30/2018	46,340
6/30/2019	42,000
6/30/2020	42,000
6/30/2021	17,500
Total	\$ 194,575

# 7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB)

**Plan Description.** The College sponsors a medical, prescription drug, cancer, dental, and accident insurance plan (Plan) to qualifying retirees and their dependents. Coverage is provided through fully-insured contracts that collectively operate as a single-employer defined benefit plan. Five medical plans are available. Qualifying retirees are those employees who are eligible for immediate retirement benefits under the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System and retire prior to age 65. Retirees may continue coverage with the College by paying the carrier premium rate. Coverage is available until Medicare eligibility (i.e. age 65) for each of the retirees and their spouses. Retirees receive a benefit since they are not charged the full age adjusted cost. Plan coverage is provided for under KSA 12-0540. No separate financial report is issued for the Plan.

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	14
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>375</u>
Total	389

**Funding Policy.** The College provides health insurance benefits to retirees and their dependents in accordance with Kansas law (KSA 12-5040). The benefits are paid from the general operating assets of the College on a payas-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the College are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees.

# 7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (Cont.)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The College's annual OPEB cost (expense) consists of the Normal Cost plus amortization of the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). The Normal Cost is the amount of Actuarial Present Value of benefits allocated to the current year. The amount of AAL is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value of benefits allocated to all prior years. The following table presents the components of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the College's net OPEB obligation to the Plan.

	June 30 <u>, 2016</u>
Normal cost	\$ 113,675
Interest on net OPEB obligation	34,840
Amortization of AAL	59,372
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	207,887
Contributions made	83,000
Adjustment to ARC	(40,678)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	84,209
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	995,423
Not OPED obligation, and of years	ф 1 070 C20
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 1,079,632

Schedule of employer contributions:

Fiscal	,	Annual		Net	Net	End of Year		
Year		OPEB	Employer		Percentage	Net OPEB		
<u>Ended</u>		Cost	Contributions		Contributed	Obligation		
June 30, 2014	\$	243,058	\$	107,000	44.0%	\$	879,534	
June 30, 2015		167,889		52,000	31.0%		995,423	
June 30, 2016		167,209		83,000	49.6%		1,079,632	

**Funded Status and Funding Progress.** As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,428,104. The College's policy is to fund the benefits on a pay-asyou-go basis, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,428,104. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$15,248,564, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9.4%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. The valuation includes, for example, assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress will present in time, multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets (if any) is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Schedule of Funding Progress:

		Actuarial					UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued					Percent of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded		Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	<u>(a)</u>	 (b)	 (b-a)	(a/b)		 (c)	((b-a)/c))
1/1/2011	_	\$ 1,642,934	\$ 1,642,934		0%	\$ 14,883,299	11.04%
1/1/2013	_	2,025,473	2,025,473		0%	15,193,064	13.33%
1/1/2015	-	1,428,104	1,428,104		0%	15,248,564	9.37%

# 7. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) (Cont.)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

In the January 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was applied. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.50% investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on Plan assets and on the College's pooled funds and investments. The valuation assumed annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.50% in the first year and then 7.00% in year two, decreasing by 0.50% until year 4 and then decreasing by 0.25% until year nine when it reaches an ultimate rate of 4.75%. The valuation followed generally accepted actuarial methods and included tests as considered necessary to assure the accuracy of the results. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a level percent-of-pay, open period basis.

#### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Plan Description.** The College participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by Kansas law and administered by KPERS, a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737, or at the KPERS website at www.kpers.org.

KPERS provides pension benefits to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by KSA 74, article 49:

- · Public employees, which include:
  - State/School Employees
  - Local Employees
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by the pension plan. The State of Kansas and Kansas schools are required to participate, while participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

Those employees participating in the pension plan for the College are included in the State/School Nonemployer group.

**Benefits provided.** Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points".

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by KSA 74-4922.

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

**Contributions.** For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund established by KSA 74-4922. Member contribution rates are established by State law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal revenue code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by KSA 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.0% of total payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The State is required to contributed 100% of the College's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. However, they do make contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per KSA 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportinal share of the "working after retirement" contributions and resulting new pension liability are attributable to the employer.

KSA 74-4919 and KSA 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members.

The College's contractually required contributions rate for the year ended June 30, 2015, was 15.41% of the annual college payroll of which 1.205% of payroll was required from the College and 98.795% of payroll was required from the State. The College's contributions to the pension plan were \$24,530 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

**Employer Allocations.** Although KPERS administers one cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- · Police and Fireman
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2016, the College reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the State pension support provided to the College. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the College were as follows:

College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	391,006
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the College	3	2,053,273
	\$ 3	2,444,279

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of its contributions to the total of the employer and non-employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits, and irregular payments. At June 30, 2015, the combined College and State's proportion was 0.47%, which was an increase of 0.017% from its porportion measured as of the year ended June 30, 2014.

For the actuarial report as of June 30 2015, there were changes in assumptions and benefits as described in the notes to the required supplemental information.

There were no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2014, rolled forward to June 30, 2015, and the College's reporting date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the College recognized pension expense of \$2,308,327 and revenue of \$2,308,327 for support provided by the state. For the portion related to the "working after retirement" the College recognized pension expense of \$391,006, which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. This is the first year this is recognized due to changes in Kasnsas law and information provided by KPERS in their June 30, 2015, GASB 68 report. At June 30, 2016, the College did not report deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources due to the State's porportionate share being 100%. At the measurement date of June 30, 2015, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the College from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 972,282
Changes of assumptions	-	72,205
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	845,216
Changes in proportion and differences between College		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,040,432	22,408
Total	\$ 1,040,432	\$ 1,912,111

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses by the State as follows:

Year ended June 30:		<u>Amount</u>
2016	\$	(469,108)
2017		(469,108)
2018		(469,108)
2019		449,532
2020		86,113
Thereafter		-
	<u>\$</u>	(871,679)

**Actuarial assumptions.** The total pension liability recognized by the State and the portion recognized by the College, were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

•	Price Inflation	3.0 percent
٠	Wage inflation	4.0 percent
•	Salary increases, including wage increases	4.0 to 16.0 percent, including inflation
•	Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation	8.0 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for three years ending December 31, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Long-term target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Global Equity	47.00%	6.30%
Fixed Income	13.00%	0.80%
Yield Driven	8.00%	4.20%
Real Return	11.00%	1.70%
Real Estate	11.00%	5.40%
Alternatives	8.00%	9.40%
Short-term Investments	<u>2.00%</u>	-0.50%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the contributions from the State will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Pension Plan as of June 30, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
(7.00%)	(8.00%)	(9.00%)
\$41,766,077	\$32,444,279	\$24,526,647

# 9. Risk Management

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There has been no significant change in insurance coverage from the previous fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The College has established a self-insured health care program for eligible College employees and covered dependents. The activity is reported in an internal service fund on these financial statements. The College limits its exposure through specific and aggregate stop-loss coverage. All claims handling procedures are performed by a third-party claims administrator. Reported unpaid claims, as well as incurred but not reported claims, have been accrued as a liability based upon the claims administrator's estimate. These claims are expected to be fully paid within one year of the financial statement date.

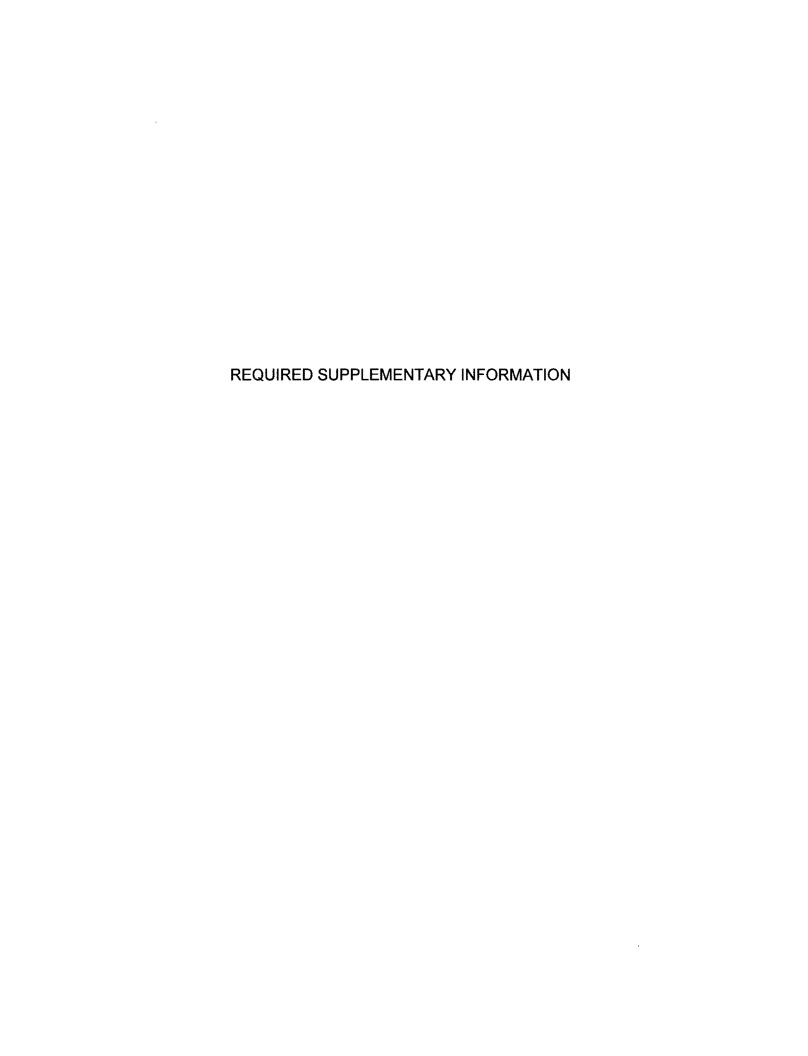
Changes in claims liabilities during the past year is summarized below:

Unpaid claims, June 30, 2015	\$ 229,070
Claims incurred (including incurred but not reported)	1,826,462
Claim payments	 (1,667,034)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2016	\$ 388,498

#### 10. Joint Venture

In 2003, the College entered into an agreement with the Hutchinson Unified School District No. 308 to form a separate legal entity named the Educational Facilities Authority of Reno County (Authority). The purpose of the Authority is to facilitate the renovation, improvement, and acquisition of educational and athletic facilities as determined by the Authority's board of directors. The College has entered into a capital lease agreement with the Authority for the construction of improvements to an athletic facility. Details of that lease are included in Note 5. Additionally, the College agreed to make annual contributions to cover an allocated portion of the annual operating costs. For this fiscal year, the College paid operating costs of \$82,889 to the Authority.

Requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Authority in care of the Hutchinson Community College, 1300 North Plum, Hutchinson, Kansas 67501.



# 11. Related Party Transactions Between the College and its Component Unit

The Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association paid \$591,585 in student scholarships during the current fiscal year.

The College provides administrative support, office space, and other services to the Hutchinson Community College Endowment Association. The Endowment Association does not reimburse the College for expenses incurred.

# 12. Contingent Liabilities

The College receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants and state pass-through aid. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the College. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims would not have a material effect on the financial statements.

The College is a defendant in various pending litigation and administrative proceedings. Management anticipates that any potential claims, if any, against the College would be covered by insurance and would not materially affect the College's financial position.

# 13. Implementation of New Standard

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The primary objective of this statement is to define fair value and describe how fair value should be measured, what assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and what information about fair value should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The College implemented this standard for the year ended June 30, 2016. The provisions of this statement had no significant effect on the College's current financial statements.

#### 14. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statements of subsequent events occurring through the date of this report, which is the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# Other Post Employment Benefits Year ended June 30, 2016

# Schedule of Funding Progress:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c))
1/1/2011	-	\$ 1,642,934	\$	1,642,934	0%	\$ 14,883,299	11.04%
1/13/2013	-	2,025,473		2,025,473	0%	15,193,064	13.33%
1/1/2015	-	1,428,104		1,428,104	0%	15,247,564	9.37%

# Schedule of Employer Contributions:

			Annual			
Fiscal	Annual		OPEB	Net		
Year	OPEB		Cost	OPEB		
Ended	 Cost	Co	ontributed	Obligation		
6/30/2014	\$ 243,058	\$	107,000	\$	879,534	
6/30/2015	167,889		52,000		995,423	
6/30/2016	167,209		83,000		1,079,632	

# Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year ended June 30, 2016

# Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

# Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2014	2013	<u>2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006</u>
College's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	For 2006 to 2012, this data is not yet available.
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 391,006	\$	\$ -	For 2006 to 2012, this data is not yet available.
State's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.36%	0.35%	0.34%	
State's proprotionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 32,053,273	\$ 28,836,666	\$ 32,815,043	For 2006 to 2012, this data is not yet available.
Total collective net pension liability (asset)	\$ 32,444,279	\$ 28,836,666	\$ 32,815,043	
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,515,939	\$ 20,209,665	\$ 19,614,418	
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	158.14%	142.69%	167.30%	For 2006 to 2012, this data is not yet available.
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	185.27%	199.42%	149.64%	For 2006 to 2012, this data is not yet available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

# Schedule of College Contributions For the Year ended June 30, 2016

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	_2009_	2008	2007 2006
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,530	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	5 - \$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(24,530)		-	-		_		<del>-</del>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ - 9	<u> - \$ -</u>
College's covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,515,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	- \$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00% 0.00%

Note: Historically, the College has not been responsible for contributions due to being a special funding situation. The State of Kansas has paid all contributions. Due to changes in the statutes, the College is now responsible for "working after retirement" employees contributions.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year end that occurred within the fiscal year.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

### Changes in benefit terms:

Effective January 1, 2015, a new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires was created. Also, effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members.

### Changes in assumptions:

Per the KPERS' GASB 68 actuarial report as of June 30, 2015, assumptions changed to include salary increases, including maximum inflation from prior year at 12.5% to maximum inflation of 16.0% in current year. It also includes changes from the updated RP-2000 Combine Mortality Tables. Further, assumptions have been updated based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the three year period ending December 31, 2012.



# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Receipts	Budgeted Original	f Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Student sources	\$ 6,014,011	\$ 6,014,011	\$6,349,223	\$ 335,212
Federal sources	100,000	100,000		(100,000)
State sources	5,104,177	5,104,177	5,104,177	
Local sources	14,429,098	14,429,098	13,972,334	(456,764)
Other sources	2,416,324	2,416,324	834,633	(1,581,691)
Total Cash Receipts	\$28,063,610	\$28,063,610	26,260,367	\$(1,803,243)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget				
Instruction	\$ 7,235,205	\$ 7,235,205	5,906,789	\$(1,328,416)
Public service	222,549	222,549	30,715	(191,834)
Academic support	1,736,987	1,736,987	1,621,693	(115,294)
Student services	5,786,875	5,786,875	4,812,672	(974,203)
Institutional support	3,456,783	3,456,783	2,931,451	(525,332)
Operation and maintenance	3,517,614	3,517,614	2,812,086	(705,528)
Scholarships	273,960	273,960	135,664	(138,296)
Transfer to Postsecondary Technical Education Fund	5,500,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	-
Nonmandatory transfers out	1,661,000	1,661,000	1,661,000	-
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$29,390,973	\$29,390,973	25,412,070	<u>\$(3,978,903)</u>
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			848,297	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			8,477,927	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$9,326,224	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$9,326,224	
Receivables			178	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$9,326,402	

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Postsecondary Technical Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgeted Original		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)			
Cash Receipts	_		_		_		_	
Student sources	\$	4,317,096	\$	4,317,096	\$	3,463,038	\$	(854,058)
Federal sources		498,168		498,168		348,423		(149,745)
State sources		5,491,597		5,491,597		4,041,815		(1,449,782)
Other sources		2,346,421		2,346,421		61,474		(2,284,947)
Transfer from General Fund		5,500,000		5,500,000		5,500,000		,,,,,
Total Cash Receipts	<u>\$</u>	18,153,282	\$	18,153,282	********	13,414,750	\$	(4,738,532)
Expenditures Subject to Budget								
Instruction	\$	10,114,116	\$	10,114,116		7,820,691	\$	(2,293,425)
Public service		317,142		317,142		445,886		128,744
Academic support		1,417,810		1,417,810		1,112,493		(305,317)
Student services		1,309,239		1,309,239		773,098		(536,141)
Institutional support		2,369,842		2,369,842		1,565,225		(804,617)
Operation and maintenance		2,247,945		2,247,945		1,471,177		(776,768)
Scholarships	*****	104,751		104,751		-		(104,751)
Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	<u>\$</u>	17,880,845	\$	17,880,845		13,188,570	<u>\$</u>	(4,692,275)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures						226,180		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1						257,163		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					\$	483,343		
Detail of unencumbered cash balance:								
Vocational Education Fund					\$	563,703		
Perkins Grant Fund						(80,360)		
					\$	483,343		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					\$	483,343		
Receivables						80,260		
Unearned revenue								
Official revenue						(1,300)		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)					<u>\$</u>	562,303		

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Adult Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	(	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis			Variance Vith Final Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources Federal sources State sources Local sources Private gifts and grants Other sources	\$	3,666 149,137 141,970 104,751 5,782 165,378	\$	3,666 149,137 141,970 104,751 5,782 165,378	\$	4,771 102,139 83,403 32,950 - (11,414)	\$	1,105 (46,998) (58,567) (71,801) (5,782) (176,792)
Total Cash Receipts	<u>\$</u>	570,684	<u>\$</u>	570,684		211,849	\$	(358,835)
Expenditures Subject to Budget Instruction Academic support  Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	\$ 	417,567 137,330 554,897	\$ — \$	417,567 137,330 554,897		181,903 64,937 246,840	\$ - \$	(235,664) (72,393) (308,057)
,	<u>*</u>						<u> </u>	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures						(34,991)		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1						47,084		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30					<u>\$</u>	12,093		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables					\$	12,093		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)					\$	12,093		

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Adult Supplementary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Receipts Student sources State sources Private gifts and grants Other sources	Budgeted Amounts Original Final  \$ 614,631 \$ 614,631 30,356 30,356 3,886 3,886 880,502 880,502	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis  \$ 302,512 - 21,566 40,587	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)  \$ (312,119) (30,356) 17,680 (839,915)
Total Cash Receipts	<u>\$ 1,529,375</u> <u>\$ 1,529,375</u>	364,665	\$ (1,164,710)
Expenditures Subject to Budget Instruction Transfers  Total expenditures	\$ 1,269,546 \$ 1,269,546 	364,849 31,218 396,067	\$ (904,697) 31,218 \$ (873,479)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(31,402)	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1		325,680	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30		\$ 294,278	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables		\$ 294,278 35,288	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)		\$ 329,566	

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Motorcycle Driver Safety Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Receipts Student sources State sources	Budgeted Original \$ 115,352 60,711	# Amounts Final \$ 115,352 60,711	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis  \$ 58,065 10,045	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under) \$ (57,287) (50,666)
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 176,063	\$ 176,063	68,110	\$ (107,953)
Expenditures Subject to Budget Instruction Academic support	\$ 241,448 5,707	\$ 241,448 5,707	49,230	\$ (192,218) (5,707)
Total Expenditures Subject to Budget	\$ 247,155	\$ 247,155	49,230	\$ (197,925)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			18,880	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			90,809	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 109,689	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables			\$ 109,689 	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 109,689	

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Auxiliary Enterprise Funds - Combined Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variance											
	Actual										
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Student Service Enterprises	Academic Enterprises	Central Administration	Total Budgetary Basis	Budget Over (Under)				
Cash Receipts											
Student sources	\$ 726,402	\$ 726,402	\$ 378,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 378,049	\$ (348,353)				
Federal sources	34,693	34,693	-	6,397	-	6,397	(28,296)				
Private gifts and grants	520,384	520,384	316,991	•	-	316,991	(203,393)				
Sales	8,716,533	8,716,533	5,543,427	246,857	672,278	6,462,562	(2,253,971)				
Other	1,266,001	1,266,001	27,955	94,392		122,347	(1,143,654)				
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 11,264,013	\$ 11,264,013	6,266,422	347,646	672,278	7,286,346	\$ (3,977,667)				
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget											
Salaries and benefits	\$ 765,762		157,397	134,340	49,891	341,628					
General operating	2,488,134	2,488,134	650,166	40,529	593,538	1,284,233	(1,203,901)				
Supplies	770,612	770,612	107,540	4,329	160,658	272,527	(498,085)				
Scholarships	800,596	800,596	677,062	11,822	-	688,884	(111,712)				
Cost of sales	5,085,424	5,085,424	2,384,680	114,836	-	2,499,516	(2,585,907)				
Capital expenses	3,276,735	3,276,735	144,437	4,783	326,411	475,631	(2,801,104)				
Mandatory transfers out (in)	-		550,000	(22.22)	-	550,000	550,000				
Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	89,000	89,000	(66,424)	(22,908)	(348,500)	(437,832)	(526,832)				
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 13,276,263	\$ 13,276,263	4,604,858	287,731	781,998	5,674,587	\$ (7,601,675)				
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			1,661,564	59,915	(109,720)	1,611,759					
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			7,400,882	(389,791)	409,894	7,420,985					
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 9,062,446	\$ (329,876)	\$ 300,174	\$ 9,032,744	*				
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 9,062,446	\$ (329,876)	\$ 300,174	\$ 9,032,744					
Receivables			27,682	10,714	152,576	190,972					
Inventory			678,646	182,275		860,921					
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ 9,768,774	\$ (136,887)	\$ 452,750	\$ 10,084,637					

<sup>\*</sup> Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Student Service Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Variance With Final
	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Campus Store	Student Union	Student Housing	Total Budgetary Basis	Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Student sources Private gifts and grants Sales Other  Total Cash Receipts	\$ 726,402 520,384 6,657,817 567,232 \$ 8,471,835	\$ 726,402 520,384 6,657,817 567,232 \$ 8,471,835	\$ 227,271 316,991 62,800 	\$ - 2,608,276 3,197 2,611,473	\$ 75,389 - 1,295,735 12,834 1,383,958	\$ 75,389 - 1,576,616 11,924 1,663,929	\$ 378,049 316,991 5,543,427 27,955 6,266,422	\$ (348,353) (203,393) (1,114,390) (539,277) \$ (2,205,413)
Total Cash Receipts	<del>φ 0,471,033</del>	<del>φ 0,4/1,033</del>	007,002	2,011,473	1,303,930	1,003,929	0,200,422	<del>ψ (2,203,413</del> )
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Salaries and benefits General operating Supplies Scholarships Cost of sales Capital expenses Mandatory transfers out (in) Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	\$ 321,007 1,273,432 512,388 790,426 4,811,030 2,110,771 465,000	1,273,432 512,388 790,426 4,811,030 2,110,771 465,000	677,062 - 677,062 - - (70,000)	157,397 53,146 4,791 - 1,663,207 6,829 - 65,576	105,879 6,688 - 721,473 13,411 275,000 (62,000)	491,141 96,061 - - 124,197 275,000	157,397 650,166 107,540 677,062 2,384,680 144,437 550,000 (66,424)	\$ (163,610) (623,266) (404,848) (113,364) (2,426,350) (1,966,334) 550,000 (531,424)
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 10,284,054	\$ 10,284,054	607,062	1,950,946	1,060,451	986,399	4,604,858	\$ (5,679,196)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures Unencumbered Cash, July 1			- 4	660,527 2,518,788	323,507 1,793,137	677,530 3,088,953	1,661,564 7,400,882	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ 4	\$ 3,179,315	\$ 2,116,644	\$ 3,766,483	\$ 9,062,446	•
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables Inventory			\$ 4 	\$ 3,179,315 27,682 678,646	\$ 2,116,644	\$ 3,766,483 - -	\$ 9,062,446 27,682 678,646	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			<u>\$ 4</u>	\$ 3,885,643	\$ 2,116,644	\$ 3,766,483	\$ 9,768,774	

<sup>\*</sup> Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

#### Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Academic Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Actual					Variance With Final
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Child Care	Ag Mechanics	Crops	Bldg Construct	Livestock	RCIC	OSHA	Mine Safety	Wildland Fire Science	Total Budgetary Basis	Budget Over (Under)
Cash Receipts				_	_		_	_	_	_			
Federal sources	\$ 34,693	\$ 34,693			\$ -	\$ -	•	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,397	\$ (28,296)
Sales	491,807	491,807	59,789	74,889	68,687	-	40,546	2,946	40.500	75.045	-	246,857	(244,950)
Other	681,857	681,857		3,750			290	3,811	10,596	75,945		94,392	(587,465)
Total Cash Receipts	\$1,208,357	\$1,208,357	66,186	78,639	68,687		40,836	6,757	10,596	75,945		347,646	\$ (860,711)
Comment Transfer & Control													
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Salaries and benefits	\$ 364,826	\$ 364.826	98,945		8,798				0.100	40 400		134.340	£ (000 400)
General operating	281,253	\$ 364,826 281,253	12,313	-	5,276	*	6,740	-	8,169 625	18,428 11,530	4,045	40,529	\$ (230,486) (240,724)
Supplies	65,006	65,006	12,313 556	1,704	104	-	0,740	-	(98)	1,918	4,045	4,329	(60,677)
Scholarships	10,170	10,170		1,204	7,502	-	4,320	-	(90)	1,510	140	11.822	1,652
Cost of sales	274,394	274,394	-	48,370	40,237	-	22,225	4,004	-	-	**	114,836	(159,558)
Capital expenses	73,405	73,405	683		4,100	-	22,223	4,004	•	-	•	4,783	(68,622)
Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	(27,500)	(27,500)	(27,500)	-	3,750	-	-	-	3	839	-		
Normandatory transfers out (iii)	(27,500)	(27,500)	[27,500]		3,750				3	639	<u>-</u>	(22,908)	4,592
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$1,041,554	\$ 1,041,554	84,997	50,074	69,767		33,285	4,004	8,699	32,715	4,190	287,731	\$ (753,823)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures			(18,811)	28,565	(1,080)	-	7,551	2,753	1,897	43,230	(4,190)	59,915	
Unencumbered Cash, July 1			(118,590)	(148,620)	13,325	914	(99,335)	(39,361)	(72,138)	9,766	64,248	(389,791)	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30			\$ (137,401)	\$ (120 <u>,055</u> )	<u>\$ 12,245</u>	\$ 914	\$ (91,784)	\$ (36,608)	\$ (70,241)	\$ 52,996	\$ 60,058	\$ (329,876)	•
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables Inventory			\$ (137,401) 1,948	\$ (120,055) 4,093 41,121	\$ 12,245 9,554	\$ 914	\$ (91,784) - 131,600	\$ (36,608)	\$ (70,241)	\$ 52,996 4,673	\$ 60,058	\$ (329,876) 10,714 182,275	
GAAP fund balance (internal books)			\$ (135,453)	\$ (74,841)	\$ 21,799	\$ 914	\$ 39,816	\$ (36,608)	\$ (70,241)	\$ 57,669	\$ 60,058	\$ (136,887)	

<sup>4</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

### Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Central Administrative Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

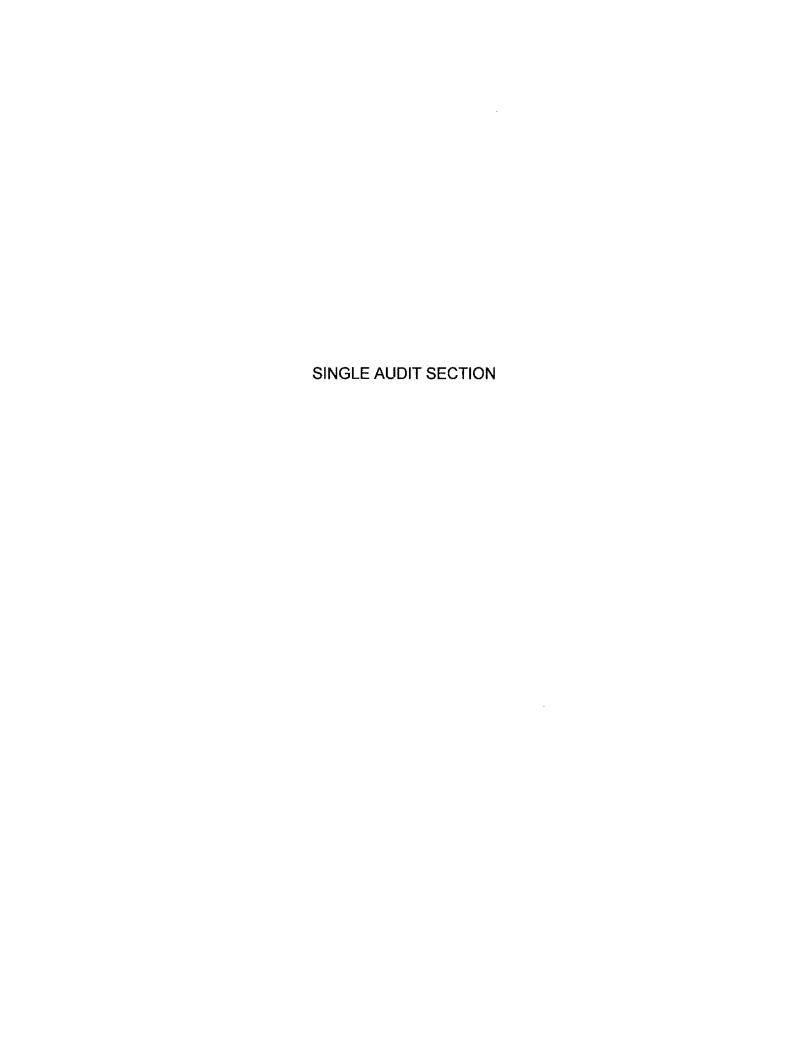
				i cai	CHU	su Julie Ju, Z	010											
				Actual						Variance With Final								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Motor Pool			Copier		Parking		Tuition Advance		Total Budgetary Basis			Budget Over (Under)	
<u>Cash Receipts</u> Sales Other	\$ 1,566,90 16,91	_	1,566,909 16,912	\$ 94	,815 	\$ 153,011 	\$	189,594	\$	145,623	\$	24,121	\$	65,114	\$	672,278	\$	(894,631) (16,912)
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 1,583,82	1 \$	1,583,821	94	,815	153,011		189,594		145,623		24,121	*****	65,114		672,278	\$	(911,543)
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Salaries and benefits General operating Supplies Capital expenses Nonmandatory transfers out (in)	\$ 79,92 933,44 193,21 1,092,55 (348,50	8	79,928 933,449 193,218 1,092,558 (348,500)		5,728 - 5,500)	49,891 90,916 126,553 5,383 (225,000)		103,407 - 101,831 (80,000)		95,278 34,105 - 23,000		1,785 - 219,197 (40,000)		185,424		49,891 593,538 160,658 326,411 (348,500)	\$	(30,037) (339,911) (32,560) (766,147)
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 1,950,65	3 \$	1,950,653	90	,228	47,743		125,238		152,383		180,982		185,424		781,998	\$	(1,168,655)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures				4	,587	105,268		64,356		(6,760)	(	156,861)		(120,310)		(109,720)		
Unencumbered Cash, July 1				110	.811	120,038		441,343		277,128		<u>259,591</u>		(799,017)		409,894		
Unencumbered Cash, June 30				\$ 115	,398	\$ 225,306	\$	505,699	\$	270,368	\$	102,730	\$	(919,327)	\$	300,174	*	
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables				\$ 115	i,398	\$ 225,306 2,282	\$	505,699	\$	270,368	\$	102,730	\$	(919,327) 150,294	\$	300,174 152,576		
GAAP fund balance (internal books)				\$ 115	,398	\$ 227,588	\$	505,699	\$	270,368	\$	102,730	\$	(769,033)	\$	452,750		

<sup>45</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup> Exempt from Cash-Basis Law (KSA 10-1116).

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Expenditures, and Changes in Unencumbered Cash Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Capital Outlay Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Ocale Becalists	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)			
Cash Receipts Local sources Private gifts Other sources	\$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 49,129 49,129 5,257,600 5,257,600	\$ 843 - -	\$ (24,157) (49,129) (5,257,600)			
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 5,331,729 \$ 5,331,729	843	\$ (5,330,886)			
Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget Operations and maintenance: Capital expense Retirement of indebtedness Transfers (in)	\$ 8,085,688 \$ 8,085,688 1,204,693 1,204,693 (1,100,000) (1,100,000)	736,607 1,027,391 (1,100,000)	\$ (7,349,081) (177,302)			
Total Expenditures and Transfers Subject to Budget	\$ 8,190,381 \$ 8,190,381	663,998	\$ (7,526,383)			
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		(663,155)				
Unencumbered Cash, July 1		2,897,595				
Unencumbered Cash, June 30		\$ 2,234,440				
Unencumbered Cash, June 30 Receivables		\$ 2,234,440				
GAAP fund balance (internal books)		\$ 2,234,440				



# Hutchinson Community College Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title  Department of Education	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	ldentifying Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
Student Financial Aid (SFA) Cluster			
Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant	84.007	P007A151519	\$ 89,453
Federal Work Study Program	84.033	P033A151519	184,353
PELL Grant	84.063	P063P150142	6,131,372
Federal Direct Student Loan	84.268	P268K160142	6,987,234
Total Student Financial Aid (SFA) Cluster			13,392,412
Passed Through Kansas Board of Regents:			
Adult Education State Grant	84.002		102,139
AOK - ABE Funds	84.002		555
ABE - Special Project	84.002		1,164
Vocational Education - Basic	84.048		429,623
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			13,925,893
Department of Labor			
Direct Programs:	47.000		077.045
Mine Health and Safety 14-15	17.600	MS-27042-15-55-R-20	
Mine Health and Safety 15-16	17.600	MS-28599-16-55-R-20	68,688
Passed Through Johnson County Community College H-1B Technical Skills Training Grants	17.268	HG-22600-12-60-A-20	17,911
-	17.200	11G-22000-12-00-A-20	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			154,514
Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		5,797
<u> </u>	10.556		5,797
Passed Through Fort Hays State University:	40.000		4 = 0 =
Capacity Building Grants for Non Land Grant Colleges	10.326		<u>1,535</u>
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			7,332
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Retired Senior Volunteer Program 14-15	94.002	10SRWKS013	56,940
Retired Senior Volunteer Program 15-16	94.002	16SRWKS008	9,753
TOTAL RETIRED SENIOR VOLUNTEER PROGRAM			66,693
Department of the Treasury			
Volunteer Income Tax Assistance	21.009		18,917
Department of Commerce Manufacturing Extension Partnership			
Mid-America Manufacturing Technology Center	11.611	70NANB15H052	188,623
Mid-America Manufacturing Technology Center	11.611	70NANB15H052	12,646
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE -			
MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP			201,269
TOTAL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD	s		\$ 14,374,618

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Hutchinson Community College of Hutchinson, Kansas, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the College.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Account Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-21, Cost Principles for Educational Institutions, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) The College has not elected to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College Hutchinson, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Hutchinson Community College, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hutchinson Community College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2016.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hutchinson Community College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hutchinson Community College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hutchinson Community College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify one certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency, (2016-001).

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hutchinson Community College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, & Loyd, LLC

Swindoli, Janzen, Hawk & Logd, U.C.

December 2, 2016





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Board of Trustees Hutchinson Community College** Hutchinson, Kansas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hutchinson Community College's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the College's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the College's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. sihl.com

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the College's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The College's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The College's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk, and Loyd, LLC

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk & Lord, I'c

December 2, 2016

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- Significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies related to the audit of the major federal award programs as reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There is one audit finding that is required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

	CFDA No.
Student Financial Aid Programs:	
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033
Federal PELL Grant Program	84.063
Federal Direct Student Loan Program	84.268

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B program was \$750,000.
- 9. Hutchinson Community College, Hutchinson, Kansas was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

### 2016-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - CAPITAL ASSETS

**Condition:** The College's current capital asset policies and procedures do not allow for management to maintain an efficient, effective, or accurate capital asset records system.

**Criteria:** Capital asset policies and procedures should be in place to allow for management to efficiently, effectively, and accurately maintain their capital asset records.

**Effect:** Potentially, errors or irregularities could occur and go undetected in several ways. Assets could also be in existence, which are not on capital asset records. Assets could be on the records, but no longer exist. Also, assets could be located in inappropriate locations and used for inappropriate purposes.

### FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (CONT.)

2015-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONT.)

**Recommendation:** We recommend that a committee of various key people involved in tracking the capital assets be formed to review processes, procedures, and policies regarding capital assets and then also implement the committee's decisions College-wide. This will give the various departments and employees some buy-in to the policies and procedures of the College as well as spread the responsibility of enforcing the policies and procedures to more people, not just the Business Office. It should also help facilitate the awareness and compliance with these policies and procedure.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:** Management agrees with this finding. Steps are being taken to start the process recommended above.

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

Student Financial Aid Programs

Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant, CFDA No. 84.007. Federal Work-Study Program CFDA No. 84.033. Federal Pell Grant Program CFDA No. 84.063. Federal Direct Student Loan Program CFDA No. 84.268.

There were no reportable findings for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016



1300 North Plum Hutchinson, KS 67501-5894 1-888-GOHUTCH www.hutchcc.edu

### FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2015-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - CAPITAL ASSETS

**Condition:** The College's current capital asset policies and procedures do not allow for management to maintain an efficient, effective, or accurate capital asset records system.

**Recommendation:** The auditors recommended that a College-wide memo be sent to all employees that purchase and maintain capital assets as to the procedures and policies of the College in purchasing, maintaining, and disposing of capital assets. Management concurred with the recommendation and indicated that the procedures would be implemented.

**Current Status:** The recommended procedures were implemented. The College had similar findings for 2016. The College is working on implementing additional procedures as noted in Finding 2016-001 on the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

Student Financial Aid Programs

Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant, CFDA No. 84.007. Federal Work-Study Program CFDA No. 84.033. Federal Pell Grant Program CFDA No. 84.063. Federal Direct Student Loan Program CFDA No. 84.268, Academic Competitiveness Grant CFDA No. 84.375

There were no reportable findings for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Career and Technical education - Basic Grants to States, CFDA No. 84.048.

2015-002 CASH MANAGEMENT

Condition: The Accelerating Opportunity Carl Perkins grant had cash balances during the year.

**Recommendation:** The auditor recommended that the Business Office refresh grant managers on the cash management requirements and increase supervision over the spending and drawdown process. Management concurred with the recommendation and indicated that the procedures would be implemented.

**Current Status:** The recommendation was adopted during the June 30, 2016, year. No similar findings were noted in the June 30, 2016, audit.



1300 North Plum Hutchinson, KS 67501-5894 1-888-GOHUTCH www.hutchcc.edu

December 2, 2016

U.S. Department of Education c/o Federal Audit Clearinghouse 1201 E. 10<sup>th</sup> Street Jeffersonville, IN 47132

Hutchinson Community College respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Name and address of Independent public accounting firm:

Swindoll, Janzen, Hawk & Loyd, LLC 123 South Main PO Box 1337

McPherson, KS 67460-1337

Audit period: July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016

The finding from the June 30, 2016, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

# FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2016-001

Capital Assets

Recommendation:

We recommend that a committee of various key people involved in tracking the capital assets be formed to review processes, procedures, and policies regarding capital assets and then also implement the committee's decisions college wide. This will give the various departments and employees some buy-in to the policies and procedures of the College as well as spread the responsibility of enforcing the policies and procedures to more people, not just the Business Office. It should also help facilitate the awareness and compliance with these policies and procedures.

Action taken:

The College is currently working on assembling a committee to begin working on

capital asset policies and procedures..

If the Department of Education has questions regarding this plan, please call Julie Blanton at 620-665-3595.

Sincerely yours,

Julie A. Blanton

Vice President of Finance and Operations

**Hutchinson Community College**